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THE U.F.A.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF
THE UNITED FARMERS OF ALBERTA AND THE ALBERTA WHEAT POOL
AND OTHER PROVINCIAL MARKETING POOLS

Vol. VIII. CALGARY, ALBERTA, JULY 15th, 1929 No. 15

Official News from the Alberta Wheat Pool

Delegate Nominations

Summer Meeting of U.F.A. Central Board and Federal Conference

Road Policy—Some Misstatements Answered

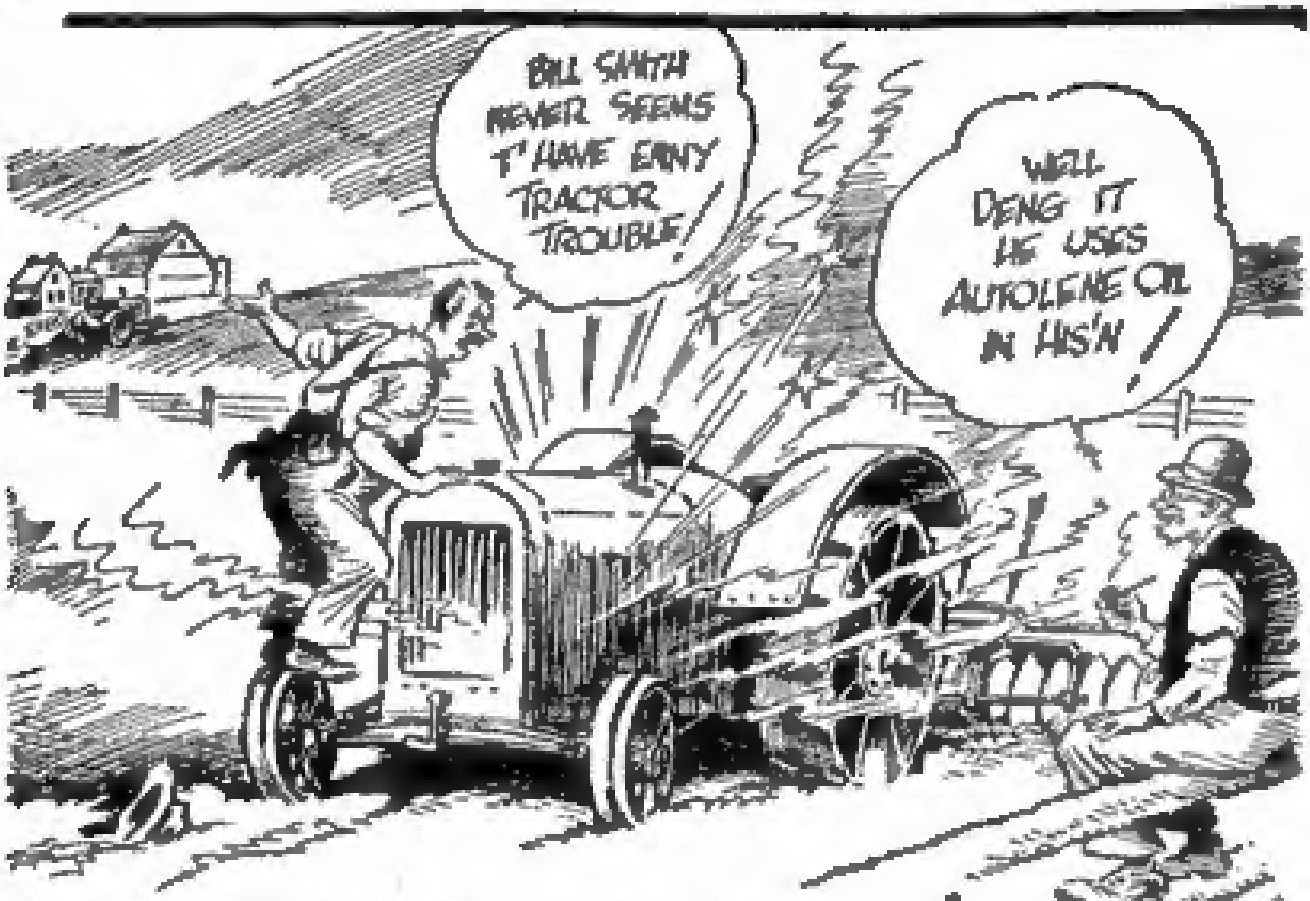
By Hon. G. L. McPHERSON

What Has Been Achieved at Ottawa This Year?

By ALFRED SPEAKMAN, M.P.

A Survey of the Grain Act Amendments

By E. J. GARLAND, M.P.



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THE ALBERTA CO-OPERATIVE WHOLESALE

Editor
W. WOODWARD SMITH

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EDITORIAL

TWO PARTIES TO A CONTRACT

In his article in the current issue, Mr. Speakman calls attention to the need for our membership to be prepared for the Federal General election which must take place within two years, and quite possibly may occur within a much shorter period.

The U.F.A. representatives in Parliament, as he states, are held accountable to the membership for the manner in which they carry out their part of a contract. In turn they are entitled to ask the membership in each constituency how far they have carried out theirs.

Of the value of the services rendered by the U.F.A. group in Parliament we believe there is no question in the minds of Alberta farmers. In spite of the fact that they constitute a minority group, the policies which they have advocated—which are the policies of the farmers of this Province—have found concrete expression in many places upon the statute books of the Dominion. One or two of their achievements of the past session are recorded in this issue of *The U.F.A.* These are a few among many. Their contract with the electorate has been faithfully fulfilled to the extent of their power.

Mr. Speakman asks whether the farmers are prepared for the coming contest. The most immediately effective answer to that question can be given in the response of the farmers throughout the Province in the U.F.A. membership campaigns of the year.

* * *

The legislation of the present year which affects the farmers most intimately as producers is the amendment of the Canada Grain Act. We comment on the significance of this legislation elsewhere. It is the fruit of very hard work in committee, in which, as Mr. Gardiner states, Mr. Coote and Mr. Garland, who were deputed by their fellow members to act on the Standing Committee of the House on Agriculture and Colonization, took a leading part.

* * *

In our last issue D. F. Kellner, M.P., described changes in the Dominion Elections Act which will take the control of the machinery of elections out of the hands of party politicians, local or otherwise, and place it in the hands of an Electoral Officer appointed by and responsible to Parliament.

The change is almost revolutionary. Under the law as it now stands, abuses such as occurred in the Athabasca election in 1925 and have occurred from time to time in constituencies in various parts of Canada, will be virtually impossible. That the machinery of elections will be handled honestly seems almost to be guaranteed.

The major amendments to the act have been made possible only by the presence at Ottawa of the U.F.A. group and the groups which co-operate with them, who have pressed steadily for reform, and have met with a measure of success which a few years ago would have seemed almost too good to hope for. If the U.F.A. members had not insisted, in the face, at the beginning, of a not very sympathetic Government, upon a thorough investigation into the irregularities in Athabasca, it is unlikely that any progress towards genuine reform could have been made. For what has been achieved particular credit is due, as Mr. Gardiner has pointed out, to Mr. Kellner and Mr. Kennedy, the U.F.A. representatives on the subcommittee that drafted the amendments, who acted in this matter in the special committee for all their colleagues.

Independent Farmer representation at Ottawa would have been well worth while if this had been its sole accomplishment.

* * *

CADET TRAINING

Opposition to cadet training in schools seems to be universal among co-operative organizations which concern themselves with education. The Co-operative Union of Canada, at its annual congress in Winnipeg, adopted a resolution urging the Federal Government to divert the half million dollars or so now spent for cadet purposes to "physical training for students under civilian conditions."

* * *

CALGARY HERALD AND HIGHWAYS

In an article in this issue, O. L. McPherson shows that in its discussion of highways problems, the *Calgary Herald* has departed at times somewhat widely from the facts. It has been neither accurate nor fair.

* * *

THE GOAL OF CO-OPERATION

"While the monetary gains of co-operation are making the people more comfortable and independent, its moral training is leading them to interest themselves in the welfare of others. Our hopes of the future are high, because we have found a means which we believe will purify trade and commerce and give each and all at least equal opportunities to live sober, peaceful and industrious lives. Then, with improved laws that are bound to come, men, instead of being mere unthinking hewers of wood and drawers of water, will become intelligent, interested citizens having the good of all at heart; and although great riches may be denied them individually, great happiness will undoubtedly be theirs."—Sir William Maxwell in *The History of Co-operation in Scotland.*

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NEWS OF THE ORGANIZATION

Activities of Locals and District Associations and Information from Central Office—Notes on Co-operation

CHAMPLAIN ORGANIZED

Champlain U.F.A. Local, in the Falher district, was organized recently with Louis Blein and J. A. DesRosiers as officers.

ATKINSON LOCAL

Dr. Adamson gave a talk on public health to the last meeting of Atkinson U.F.A. Local, says a letter from the secretary, G. W. Simpson, who adds: "In April we were favored by a talk on co-operative marketing from J. McDuffe, our delegate for this division of the Wheat Pool. We are holding our picnic on July 26th."

DIRECTOR GIVES ADDRESS

"John Fowlie, U.F.A. Director for Medicine Hat, gave an interesting address recently to the people of Pendant d' Oreille," writes M. K. Mattson, secretary of Pendant d'Oreille U.F.A. Local. "He spoke on the Pools and the U.F.A. movement. It was quite a treat, as we don't have very many speakers coming to this part. I am sure everybody liked it very much. A Local meeting was held after the address, eight members joining up."

MAYWOOD PICNIC

"Maywood U.F.A. Local held their picnic on July 4th at the community grounds at Buck Lake," says a letter from E. J. Irwin, secretary. "A cloudy morning held back many from coming but weather changed to an ideal day. The dance in the Community Hall in the evening was a fine success. The music was supplied by the Sjerdal orchestra. A good sum was realized, which goes towards the improvement of the community grounds."

LOCAL VERY ACTIVE

During the past six months, states J. D. Thomas, secretary, "Didsbury U.F.A. Local has been active, securing three cars of seed oats, selling them to farmers requiring seed, also handling four cars of coal, giving one load to a resident deserving of help. We also arranged for Hon. Perren Baker to address a meeting at Didsbury; three of our members attended the Convention at Edmonton; the Local also paid the expenses for two delegates to the Farm Young People's Week at the University of Alberta. Several of our members attended the Institute of Co-operation at Olds."

MEMBER GIVES REPORT

In a resume of the work of the Legislature, given in High River before a large gathering of the U.F.A. and U.F.W.A., S. Brown, M.L.A., dealt with the two main fields of work of any session, says the *High River Times*. These are legislation and resolutions. Often more time was taken in discussion of resolutions than in actual resolutions, said Mr. Brown. The new School Act was discussed by the speaker, who also explained the Farm Loans Act, the Old Age Pensions Act, and the Town Planning Act. He gave some reasons for the proposal to close the Raymond and Claresholm agricultural schools and establish one southern school in Lethbridge. Mr. Brown also dealt with the question of redistribution and the care of mental cases in the Province.

DISCUSS SCHOOL ACT

At a recent meeting of Woodbend U.F.A. Local, says a report from the secretary, J. E. Winslow, the new School Act "was given an airing." The members decided to confine the discussion to the proposed method of taxation, and to discuss other features at the next meeting. The opinion was expressed that it would be unjust to cause one person to pay another person's obligation, and according to the proposed measure the farmer living in an older and more developed area must pay a portion of the school taxes of a newer and more sparsely settled area. It was thought that the measure would have a tendency to cause farmers to be opposed to each other instead of promoting harmony amongst them.

Camrose U.F.A. Federal Convention on August 1st

To all U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. Locals in the Camrose Federal Constituency:

The Annual Convention of the Camrose Federal Constituency will be held at Forestburg on August 1st, at 10 a.m.

Representation will be on the basis of one delegate for every ten paid-up members. All Locals are urged to send as strong a delegation as possible. With this end in view it is hoped that a special effort will be made before the Convention to collect dues for the current year. The dues of the Camrose Federal Association are 50 cents per member and should be sent to Central Office, Calgary, or can be paid by delegates at the time of the Convention.

Mr. Lucas, M.P., will be present to give an account of the Federal affairs of last session. Hon. V. W. Smith, A. G. Andrews, M.L.A., A. L. Sanders, M.L.A., and Robt. Gardiner, M.P., will also address the Convention.

The business will include election of officers for the coming year, as well as consideration of resolutions. Locals are reminded that resolutions to come before the next U.F.A. Annual Convention must first be passed by a Constituency Association. If, therefore, your Local has any resolutions to submit, please forward them as early as possible.

Hoping your Local will send a full delegation and as many visitors as possible.

Yours fraternally,
F. GRANDAGE,
Secretary.

Loughood, Alta.

Can Obtain Very Useful Information on School Bill

Members who are interested in the discussion now taking place in many districts upon the proposed New School Bill will find the pamphlet issued by the Department of Education of much value.

In many places the new bill has been chosen as a subject for debate at U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. Local meetings and this material will be of particular value to the affirmative side in such cases.

In addition to the pamphlet, the Department will send copies of the section of the Act dealing with the setting up of the divisions to any person who wishes to apply for this material.

Acadia U.F.A. Provincial Convention on July 18th

The annual convention of Acadia Provincial Constituency Association will be held at Oyen on Thursday, July 18th, beginning at 10 o'clock. Premier Brownlee, Robert Gardiner, M.P., and L. Proudfoot, M.L.A., will give addresses.

Cypress Convention at Elkwater Lake, July 17th

To all Locals in the Cypress Provincial Constituency:

The Annual Convention of the Cypress Provincial Constituency Association will be held at Elkwater Lake on Wednesday, July 17th, commencing at 10 a.m.

The Annual Convention of the Medicine Hat Federal Association which is being combined with a picnic, is also being held on the 16th and 17th at Elkwater Lake and it was felt it would be a convenient time for the Convention of the Cypress Association.

The Convention will be addressed by the Hon. Perren Baker.

The business will include election of officers for the ensuing year.

Trusting we may have your co-operation and support in making the Convention a success, and that your Local will send as many representatives as possible.

Yours fraternally,
F. D. JACKSON,
Chairman.

Etzikom, Alta.

Public Ownership Is Strongly Urged

Camrose Provincial Convention on Hydro Power—Co-operation and School Curriculum

At the annual convention of the Camrose U.F.A. Provincial Constituency Association, held in Camrose on June 25th, the following officers were elected for the coming year: Gus Roose, president; Mrs. E. Kehoe and H. Luger, vice-presidents; Jonathan Teale, Junior vice-president. The Board will consist of: W. J. Brady, Edberg; F. Olson, New Norway; Sherman Fox, Kelsey; W. Rhyason, Heather Brae; Ludwig Pedersen, Round Hill; P. C. Hanson, Rawlf; W. Gillespie, Dayland; and J. Jamieson, Hastings Coulee. By resolution, it was decided to ask those Locals in the constituency who are not represented on the board to

(Continued on page 36)

Task of Creating Co-operative State Challenge to Heroic Endeavor

Brownlee in Speech to Co-operative Institute Describes Goal of a Great Movement—Path to the Civilization of the Future Long, but Mankind Advancing

By NORMAN F. PRIESTLEY

Premier Brownlee

Alberta had great reason to be more than usually proud of its farmer movement, and particularly of the head of the Farmer Government, on the occasion of the Wheat Pool banquet in the Marquis Hotel, Lethbridge, on Wednesday, June 26th. It was one of the great climaxes of the conspicuously successful four days' session of the Alberta Institute of Co-operation held at that point, when Premier Brownlee spoke to an audience of over two hundred and fifty dinner guests for nearly an hour on the subject of co-operation and the state. It was a brilliant utterance charged with fact and graced with apt illustration, giving evidence of that world consciousness which is the true fulfillment of the co-operative spirit.

With brief reference to the strange reversal of weather conditions which this spring had made central Alberta the "drouth area" and southern Alberta "a land of bounty" together with thanks to the visiting speakers from the United States, the citizens of Lethbridge and others for their co-operation in the work of the Institute, the Premier launched into the heart of his subject. He felt that knowledge of co-operation was growing at a remarkable rate. The co-operative principle was being widely applied. It was was accepted everywhere as a basic element in rural life. People were now realizing that it was not to be confined to a restricted economic field; but that it pertained to the great affairs of state.

Pupil of Rochdale Pioneers

The Premier said he would have liked to take his audience to some high mountain where they could look down upon the nations. There was England, the home of the free, a land where it had long been the proud boast that "a man's home is his castle." He, the Premier, had gone there expecting to teach people something about co-operation and the affairs of Alberta and Canada. He had been made humble. He had found himself a pupil. It was in England that a few working weavers had combined their meagre capital to make a sum of about $140.00 and start a co-operative store. That was eighty-five years ago. Today there were twelve hundred branches sprung from the Rochdale Pioneer Society in Great Britain with a membership of over a million people, owning more than 175 factories, controlling a business with a yearly turn-over exceeding $400,000,000. The movement had created a banking business of three billion dollars annually and carried insurance for its members involving premiums amounting to $17,000,000 a year. There were 800,000 co-operative insurance policies in force. If anyone in Alberta looked upon the co-operative movement as an experiment and doubted its success, let him look at England.

Co-operation was widespread also in the United States. It was to be found there in almost every form and in many parts, from the fruit growers of California to the tobacco growers of Kentucky. In that republic capitalism was stronger than in any other country. It was there that industrialism had reached its highest peaks; yet the co-operative principle had taken strong hold and was there to stay.

Under Many Types of State

The co-operative movement was not confined to any one type of state. Denmark, for instance, was a remarkable example of the power of co-operation to raise the states of a people; but there was Italy—Italy! where a dictator ruled supreme and everything was governed from the top down, a most outstanding example of absolutism—even there the co-operative idea was firmly rooted, as was plainly shown by the Rome conference. Then there was Russia! The Russian experiment in democracy carried lessons for all the world to learn. It was difficult to ascertain the exact truth as to what was taking place in that great country; but certainly great changes were in process; whether for better or worse would presently be seen. There was the authority of the Horace Plunkett Foundation's investigation, however, for the statement that the co-operative movement was very much alive there. The revolution had greatly reduced the number of co-operatives for several years; but from 1921 to 1928 the membership had mounted from 1,000,000 to some 17,000,000, and the turnover for the year was estimated at about $800,000,000. A demonstration of the co-operative principle at work was being given in that country under an extreme form of governmental control by the people of the working classes.

There was no single movement, Mr. Brownlee declared, that would go so far as the co-operative movement to raise the standard of living. Some business interests looked upon it with a jealous eye, and it was to be remembered that no great economic reform was ever effected without opposition from those whose immediate interests were threatened. He was convinced, however, that in the long run no class of society really suffered. Agricultural standards of living could not be improved, for instance, without an improvement being made in the status of the wage earner. The industrial classes were much concerned in the purchasing power of the farmer. Only recently the drop in wheat prices had been reflected in a decline of value in all securities. It was the conviction of the speaker that co-operation as a factor in the production and marketing of wheat, livestock, dairy, poultry and other farm products was established.

Warming up to his theme, the Premier followed his review of the progress of co-operation in the economic field by a vigorous application of the principle to affairs of state. Some people, said he, to the amusement of the banqueters, were careless in dealing with fact. They were like the school boy who, in an essay on the anatomical structure of the human body, cited as the three principal divisions, the skull, the chest and the thorax; and stated that the thorax contained the bowels, which were five in number, viz., a, e, i, o, and u. Or, they were like the small girl in a school which he had himself taught in Ontario. In a language lesson he had placed this sentence on the board with instructions to fill in the blank with an appropriate word: "A . . . . is a beast of prey." Some pupils had supplied the necessary "tiger" or "lion" but this one little girl had written: "A preacher is a beast of prey."

The Greatest Co-operative Enterprise

The fact was that in paying taxes men were making a contribution to the greatest co-operative enterprise ever devised. John Jones alone could not transport goods from the ends of the earth. A number of John Joneses working together could and did. John Jones could not give to his children the education or medical attention necessary; but in combination with others of his kind through the state he was able to do so. There were those who were disposed to chafe because the Government of Alberta were embarking upon enterprises which they did not consider the function of governments. All he had to say in that connection was that the citizens of Alberta were combining through their government to do something for themselves.

Mr. Brownlee maintained that he was appearing in the capacity of leader of Alberta's greatest common enterprise. It was not the Wheat Pool, great though that was; nor any other pool. The Government of Alberta were directing affairs which had to do with the life and happiness of families, with the progress and development of communities. The Government had made possible co-operation in rural areas for credit purposes. In conjunction with the Dominion Government they were co-operating to extend long term loans on easy terms to agriculture. These were strictly non-profit enterprises. A splendid instance of the co-operative principle in affairs of state was provided by the Ontario Hydro, the business of which was carried on at cost with service as the primary object. The Provincial telephone services were other instances. The building and maintaining of roads and schools, etc., were in the same class. A conference of the authorities concerned with representatives of the Rockefeller Foundation had recently been held with a view to establishing health units in Alberta on the county system, whereby for a few cents per individual per year excellent service in the promotion and maintenance of health would be given.

Challenge to Heroic Endeavor

Concluding his address on a high note of appeal and warning, Mr. Brownlee

avowed that while we found ourselves living in an age when the co-operative idea is becoming dominant, the work was only well begun. It was no time to sit down. In proportion as the co-operative idea developed the sense of responsibility should also grow. Men should will to know and to do. *The co-operative state was not for the lazy, the careless, the indifferent or the cowardly. It was a state challenging the highest endeavors of a heroic people.*

He warned his hearers—there were many invisible ones—not to be easily swayed and influenced. The true co-operator had too much courage and vision to be susceptible to every adverse influence to which he might be exposed. He instanced the absurd attempt to attribute the slump in wheat prices in May last to the operation of the Canadian Wheat Pools. The goal could not be reached in one year. In England the goal was still unattained. With the Wheat Pool the objective was still ahead. Credit reforms, better international relations, etc., would all take time to effect. The way was long but the world was certainly advancing. Some day the objective would be reached. It would take courage and real sportsmanship. The true co-operator would be ready to accept either defeat or victory. He would not grouse or blame his comrades. The co-operative state was a great goal worth aiming at, a great end worth working for; a goal, an objective, not for gentlemen and gentlewomen.

Highways Construction in Alberta—A Correction of Certain Misstatements

By Hon. O. L. McPHERSON, *Minister of Public Works*

For some time past the *Calgary Herald* has been discussing almost daily in its editorial columns the highways program of the Alberta Government. The subject is a most important one, worthy of the attention of every newspaper and every citizen, for the systematic development of our avenues of communication is essential to the economic progress which we all desire for our Province. If discussion is to be profitable, however, accurate knowledge is essential, as without it public opinion is unable to crystallize in support of sound constructive policies.

Unfortunately, many of the statements made in the *Herald's* editorials are quite incorrect and seriously misleading; so much so that it seems desirable to examine them in some detail. I do so with reluctance, as the program of construction for the present year is a heavy one, and at this season is engaging practically all my attention, and I am consequently loath to turn aside to deal with errors in fact and figures which, for the most part, when they appeared elsewhere than in the *Herald's* editorial columns, have previously been corrected.

The Editorials Analyzed

To deal, as briefly as possible, with the editorials in the Herald's recent series:

Under the heading, "Alberta is Far Behind in Roads," figures are given in the *Herald* of June 10th representing the total mileage of improved roads in Canada as 155,753, or a mile for every 5 persons. The editorial states that of this amount Alberta has less than 1,000 miles.

It must be obvious to anyone that the figure 155,753 miles quoted includes some earth roads, since the report of the Department of Public Works for Quebec, published January 8th, 1929, shows only 9,237 miles of paved and gravelled surfaced roads in that Province, and Ontario is credited with about 30,000 miles of hard surface of different kinds, with the mileage of surfaced roads in the other Provinces comparatively small.

Yet the editorial takes the surfaced mileage in Alberta in making the comparison in order to make it look as bad as possible. As a matter of fact the body from whose bulletin the figures are taken, credit the Province of Alberta with having 44,949 miles of improved earth roads, and 14,727 miles classed as passable, in addition to our gravel surfaced roads, which, with this season's construction, is little short of 1,000 miles.

The definition given in this statement of a "dirt" road is a more or less intimate mixture of sand and clay placed in regular alignment to definite grades, and having a definite cross-section where attention has been given to drainage and grade reduction. The estimated cost of the 14,727 miles of passable roads is given as $250 per mile, and the estimated cost of the improved "dirt" road is given at $300 per mile. These are, of course, not proven figures, but are taken from the same source as the figures quoted above in the editorial.

The statement that: "At the present rate of construction Alberta will attain the existing average for Canada in approximately 50 years," is most unfair and ridiculous.

To take the mileage of dirt and surfaced roads in Canada and place against this figure our gravelled mileage is, of course, most misleading, and inexcusable. Facts should have some place even in political writing.

Fair and Unfair Comparisons

"Alberta Roads Policy Weakest in Canada," states an editorial of June 13th. "There is not another section of the North American continent that lags so far behind in this respect."

Yet we have much greater mileage of gravel surfaced road than Saskatchewan has with much larger population, and with less difficult country in which to build. Considering length of settlement, population and area to be covered, we are far ahead of Manitoba. The same factors considered, we are in advance of the Maritimes. Our development compares most favorably with Montana, in spite of the fact that they have received a great amount of Federal aid.

"Alberta is told by a Cabinet Minister that next year there will be an increase in the roads building investment. Why not this year?" is another quotation from the editorial:

In answer to a question by a Calgary reporter as to whether there would be an increase next year, the reply was given that traffic is increasing, our needs greatly increasing as well as our revenues, and that undoubtedly our road improvement would increase also.

The facts also show that our appropriations for this year are $500,000 more than last for construction, in addition to a material increase for maintenance and carrying charges.

Tourist Traffic

Under the heading, "Alberta Loses Tourist Traffic," the *Herald*, of June 14th, cites figures supposed to represent the amount spent in Canada by tourists, and represents Alberta as receiving the least, and adds: "Yet Alberta is the gateway to the finest mountain scenery in Canada, and to the finest mountain highways on this continent. The Banff-Golden-Windermere triangle tour is unsurpassed in point of beauty and attraction. The sole entrance to and outlet from this magnificent mountain road is Alberta. Why does Alberta not capitalize its tourist traffic resources? The answer is that Alberta cannot capitalize them, because this Province has a reputation for impassable wet weather highways. . . . Through sheer inertia and procrastination it is neglecting one of its primary responsibilities to its own people."

(Continued on page 36)

PRESENTS THE FACTS

HON. O. L. McPHERSON

Central Board of U.F.A. Meets in Summer Session

Continuance of Membership in Canadian Council of Agriculture on Present Basis Approved—Board Deals With Variety of Important Matters—Full Attendance

Continuance of the Canadian Council of Agriculture by the present member organizations was authorized, in so far as the U.F.A. is concerned, at the summer meeting of the Central Board held in Calgary on July 3rd, 4th and 5th, following presentation of a report on this matter by H. E. G. H. Scholefield, Vice-President.

Mr. Scholefield explained that at the Annual Meeting of the C.C.A., the decision to carry on had been reached, Saskatchewan being represented at that meeting by the Vice-president of the United Farmers of Canada, Saskatchewan section, who had to report back to his association for their decision. Saskatchewan later advised of their decision not to affiliate, and the Council Executive had requested the existing member organizations to continue the present officers, and to accept the same grant as last year from the United Grain Growers, this to include expenses of representations to the Tariff Advisory Board.

Certain matters in reference to the rates of interest under the Long Term Farm Loans scheme now being brought into operation in Alberta were brought up by the Banking and Credit Committee, and were referred to the Federal U.F.A. Conference, where further discussion took place. Further information is required, however, and will be presented when available.

Mixed Varieties of Wheat

On recommendation of the Grain Inquiry Committee, a resolution was adopted asking the Wheat Pool to present for the benefit of their members information upon the results of growing numerous varieties of wheat in one district and mixing them on the farm and at country elevators, a practice detrimental to quality. The opinion was expressed that if varieties most suited to each district were recommended, a substantial improvement in quality would ensue.

A report of the Electric Power Committee contained the information that the rates charged to the average farmer by the Calgary Power Company who are extending their lines, were almost prohibitive, and that many farmers were installing their own lines.

A number of resolutions from the Canadian Council of Agriculture were dealt with by the Board. Mr. Scholefield reported also on various Convention resolutions referred to him for attention. The action taken in respect to various items in the reports of Provincial Cabinet Ministers, dealing with Convention resolutions, is reported elsewhere in this issue.

The Junior Conference

The report of the Junior Branch Secretary on the Junior Conference was presented. During the discussion Mr. Scholefield stated that according to his own personal observation, the Conference was the best which had as yet been held. Reference was made to the successful banquet on the closing evening of the Conference, at which Premier Brownlee, Mrs. Warr and Mrs. Wyman were the speakers.

The Junior President, Mr. Mills, expressed thanks to the Board for the splendid support they had given the Junior Directors throughout the year. Mrs. Price expressed herself as very pleased with the Conference.

Tariff on Eggs

A resolution expressing disapproval of the application for increased tariff on eggs made to the Tariff Advisory Board by the Canadian Poultry Pool was adopted. This decision was reported subsequently to Major J. McK. Hughes, President of the Alberta Poultry Pool, who stated that the matter would be discussed at a meeting of the Canadian Board in September. The U.F.A. Board were of the opinion that the farming industry as a whole would suffer more harm than good if there were any departure from the tariff policy of the association, which has always opposed tariff increases.

D. M. Malin, Supervisor of Co-operative Marketing Activities, and Major Hughes, gave an interesting account of the reorganization of the Alberta Poultry Pool and its commercial activities.

Instructions were given that a Constitutional Amendment should be prepared and presented at the next Board meeting, to provide that Directors shall be bona fide residents of the Districts they represent.

Computation of Income Tax

The Board expressed approval of the principle of a resolution passed by the Western Stock Growers Association, asking that income tax be based on actual receipts and expenditure over a period of not less than three years.

West Matsqui Local of the United Farmers of British Columbia, in a resolution submitted to the Board, expressed appreciation of the assistance given them by the U.F.A. in their endeavor to secure lower rates on seed grain to B.C.

A submission made to the Royal Commission on Radio Broadcasting in behalf of the Executive by W. N. Smith was approved.

Mr. Scholefield informed the Board that the Co-operative Marketing Committee appointed after the Convention of 1928, composed of three members of the U.F.A. Executive, three members of the Cabinet and one member from each of the Pools and the Co-operative Wholesale Association, was now known as the Master Co-operative Committee in order to distinguish it from other such committees. Certain proposals in respect to the carrying on of co-operative educational activity were discussed.

Mr. Scholefield reported that one of the major activities undertaken by the Master Co-operative Committee had been the arranging of means whereby U.F.A. Locals, as well as the co-operative stores, could be served by the Alberta Co-operative Wholesale. As soon as these arrangements were completed, notice would be sent to the Locals.

Mr. Scholefield also reported that Premier Brownlee had asked him to become a member of the Agricultural Committee of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce in Montreal.

There was a full attendance of members of the Board.

Celebration of Twenty-first U.F.A. Anniversary

Presentation to President Proposed—Subscriptions Limited to Members of Association

The next Annual Convention being the twenty-first anniversary of the founding of the United Farmers of Alberta, it has been decided by the Boards of the U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. to observe this occasion by a pageant, if plans now under way for its production can be carried out. Any original members of the Association and others who have in their possession documents or photographs or information of any kind concerning the early days of the movement, are requested to forward such matter to the Vice-president, H. E. G. H. Scholefield, at Central Office. Care will be taken of all documents, etc., which will be returned to those who lend them. This request applies also to those who have information relative to the Alberta Farmers' Association and the Society of Equity, which were amalgamated in 1909 to form the present Association.

In connection with this celebration, the Board unanimously decided at the summer meeting this month that a presentation should be made to President Wood, in recognition of his long services and of his magnificent contribution to the building up of the farmers' movement. A subscription list will be opened at once. It will be confined to members of the U.F.A., U.F.W.A. and the Junior branch. It was decided by the Board to limit contributions to 25 cents. A committee who were appointed by the Central Board have the matter in charge. A closing date for receiving subscriptions will be announced some time during the fall. Contributions will be acknowledged in *The U.F.A.* The committee appointed is as follows: Messrs. Scholefield, Aitken, Johansen, Sutherland and Mrs. Warr.

GRAIN COMPANIES MERGE

Nine big grain companies with headquarters in Winnipeg, announced on July 11th the merger of their interests. They include the Stewart, Gage and Sellers interests with some 400 country elevators and large terminals. Something approximating $7,000,000 is involved in the combination, which becomes effective today.

SCHOLARSHIP SHORT COURSE

The Scholarship Short Course was held at the Olds School of Agriculture, during the week of July 3rd to 9th. There were 94 boys and girls in attendance. These boys and girls were drawn from 47 school fair centres in Central Alberta, each school fair having the privilege of sending one boy and one girl to the free scholarship short course. The boy and girl selected from each centre were those who had won the greatest number of prizes at the school fair held in their district last fall. The ages of the boys and girls ranged from twelve to eighteen years.

Achievements of Past Session at Ottawa Reviewed at U.F.A. Conference on Federal Affairs

Members Give Account of Their Stewardship—Electoral Reform Which Will Be Almost Revolutionary in Its Effects on Future Elections—Conference Opposed to Further Encouragement of Agricultural Immigration

From the record of the last session of Parliament which was passed in review by members of the U.F.A. group at the Annual U.F.A. Conference on Federal Affairs held in the Council Chamber of the Calgary City Hall on July 6th, two achievements of vital importance to the members of the Association in their capacities as producers and citizens, stood out from all the rest. These were the amendments to the Canada Grain Act, which are described elsewhere, and the amendments to the Dominion Elections and Corrupt Practices Inquiries Acts, which will at one stroke render virtually impossible for the future, the use of electoral machinery for partizan purposes during election campaigns. Both of these reforms were made possible through the initiative of the U.F.A. members of Parliament.

The chairman of the U.F.A. group paid a particularly high tribute to D. F. Kellner, M.P., and D. M. Kennedy, M.P., for their work on the special committee which remodelled the electoral machinery in important particulars. Perhaps of comparable value was the work accomplished by the independent groups in preventing the passage of undesirable legislation sought during recent years by the Sun Life Insurance Company and the Bell Telephone Company.

The Conference, which was presided over by H. E. G. H. Schofield, Vice-president, expressed its views, in resolutions which have been forwarded to the proper quarters, upon a number of industrial and national issues. These resolutions are printed in the adjoining column. Every member of the U.F.A. group at Ottawa was present and participated in the proceedings. A general outline of the work of the session, by Robert Gardiner, M.P., chairman of the group, was followed by the detailed examination of the various fields of legislation and administration, by other members. The Boards of the U.F.A. and U.F.W.A., and the following representatives of U.F.A. Federal Constituency Associations, were in attendance:

M. W. Leonard, Tudor, Bow River; R. Cates, Oyen, Acadia; F. Grandage, Lougheed, Camrose; G. Wall, Beddington, East Calgary; O. Short, Beddington, East Calgary; H. Spencer, Parkland, Macleod; S. Lunn, Pincher Creek, Macleod; E. Bennion, Magrath, Lethbridge; J. Messmer, Barrhead, Peace River; C. Antonson, Pibroch, Peace River; R. Haskins, Clive, Wetaskiwin; W. Skinner, Riverton, Battle River; C. Burzell, Edmonton, East Edmonton.

Outline Work of Session

In his outline of the session, Mr. Gardiner dealt in a comprehensive way with Canada's major national problems, and gave a very clear account of the financial position of the Dominion as revealed in the budget and estimates, and in the debates upon them.

The views of the U.F.A. and other co-operating groups were expressed in an amendment to the budget which urged immediate and substantial reduction of the British preference as a step towards freer trade relations between Canada and other nations. The effect of the adoption of this policy would undoubtedly have been to increase demand in Britain for our agricultural products, and this in turn would stimulate exchange in other directions.

It was thought in some quarters that in face of the United States tariff the only thing to do was to raise a retaliatory tariff. Mr. Gardiner believed there was little difference between Liberal and Conservative parties upon tariff matters. Both of these parties, it seemed possible, would wish to stampede the country into tariff retaliation, but this could do no real good, and would penalize the primary producers.

In reference to the proposed Imperial Economic Conference, Mr. Gardiner said he was not sure that the Government had any intention of increasing the British preference. In so far as the Dominions were concerned, they were for the most part producing agricultural products in competition with one another, and Great Britain could not give a preference without increasing the tariff on food, and so raising the cost of living to the masses of the British people—a fact which would make such a proposal decidedly unpalatable to the electors.

(The Conference report will be continued in our next issue.)

Resolutions Adopted by Conference

The following resolutions were adopted by the Annual U.F.A. Conference on Federal Affairs, all of them unanimously:

Immigration

"Resolved that we reaffirm the resolutions of previous U.F.A. Conventions in regard to immigration, particularly those to the effect that it would not be in the best interests of Canada to give further encouragement to agricultural immigration."

"Resolved that this Conference approves the policy of consultation between the Provincial and Federal Governments in immigration matters, and that the Provincial Government be urged to continue to use its best influence to restrict carefully immigration to this Province."

New Grain Ticket

"Whereas, Section 170 of the Canada Grain Act is now amended to provide that the Board of Grain Commissioners shall supply or authorize person or persons to supply tickets to owners or operators of country elevators, and

"Whereas, this amendment comes into effect only by proclamation of the Governor-in-Council, and

"Whereas, the movement of grain may be expected to commence within three weeks and a supply of these new tickets immediately is necessary,

"Therefore, be it resolved, that this Conference urge immediate proclamation of the said amendment to Section 170 and the authorization of the new ticket forthwith."

NOTE.—The above was wired to Hon. Jas. Malcolm, Minister of Trade and Commerce, in whose behalf the following reply was received on July 8th:

"Replying your telegram seventh to Minister all sample tickets have been printed and full instructions with regard thereto are now in hands of Board Grain Commissioners at Fort William. Proclamation is to be issued in a few days."

Some considerable time must elapse before the grain ticket can be printed and distributed to elevators.

Pool and Wheat for Seed

"Resolved that this Conference ask the Alberta Wheat Pool to make a survey of the seed wheat situation along the various railway lines in the Province with a view to retaining in their elevators wheat still in those elevators for the purpose of supplying seed wheat to the worst drought stricken areas of this Province, thereby saving transportation charges to the farmer."

Diplomatic Relations

"That this Conference re-affirm the resolution passed by the Annual Convention of January, 1928, urging the restoration of normal diplomatic and trade relations with Russia, and urge the Dominion Government to take immediate steps to that end."

Canadian Citizenship

Two resolutions on Canadian citizenship were adopted. These asked that the existence of Canadian nationality be acknowledged by permitting those of one or more generations to be designated of Canadian nationality; also that Canadian citizenship be recognized as sufficiently denoting the status of those qualified thereto by birth or naturalization.

Immediate Action to Develop Power Resources Under Public Ownership Urged by Wetaskiwin Convention

Proposed New School Act Strongly Endorsed and Extension of Health Clinic Recommended—Memorable Gathering at Lacombe Hears Inspiring Addresses—Irvine Surveys Achievement of U.F.A. Members at Ottawa

A memorable convention which revealed the abiding strength of the U.F.A. movement in the constituency of Wetaskiwin was held in the Rex Theatre, at Lacombe, on July 20th and 21st. Fifty-four delegates, representing all parts of the constituency, and more than a hundred visitors attended the business sessions, while more than two hundred persons were present at the evening meeting. Previous conventions have been held at the more central point, the city of Wetaskiwin. The decision to adapt the experiment of changing the place of meeting so as to bring its influence into closer touch with communities in the extremities of the constituency was fully justified by the success achieved.

Resolutions Adopted

Immediate action looking to the development of the electrical power resources of Alberta "under public ownership and control both as to generation and distribution," was urged upon the Provincial Government in a resolution adopted by the convention. Belief in the principle of the new rural School Bill introduced by Hon. Perren Baker was reaffirmed, and it was urged that "in the interest of education it be put into operation just as soon as practicable." The Convention also expressed the opinion that the travelling health clinic now in operation is worthy of the highest praise, and asked that its scope be extended to giving "free annual medical examination of every child attending rural schools, as soon as possible."

Emphasis was laid in another resolution upon the importance of the Junior organization, and it was recommended that a certain amount of money be set aside for Junior work, or that if funds are not available, ways and means of raising money for this purpose be discussed.

It was recommended that the U.F.A. Constitution be changed to make the basis of representation at the Annual Convention, one delegate for every ten members or major fraction thereof, instead of one for every twenty members or major fraction thereof as at present.

The Provincial Government were asked to pass legislation to provide means to assist livestock producers within the Province to secure purebred sires or the use of purebred sires, and to assist livestock breeders in importing new blood from desirable herds in other countries.

Among defeated resolutions was one asking that the age limit for old age pensions be lowered from 70 to 65 years and another proposing to petition the Dominion Government to take steps to prevent the importation of certain types of popular magazine; and another proposing to amend the U.F.A. Constitution to give Federal Constituency Associations the right to send one delegate to the Annual Convention.

The Opening Session

Henry Young, president of the Wetaskiwin U.F.A. Federal Constituency Association, was elected convention chairman at the opening session, when committees were chosen and the financial statement presented, showing that the finances of the association are in a satisfactory state.

On the morning of the first day there was also held a separate session of the U.F.W.A. members in the church hall, where addresses were given by Mrs. Price, Second Vice-President of the U.F.W.A., Mrs. Parlby and William Irvine, M.P.

At a joint session in the afternoon, Fred McDonald of Buffalo Lake Livestock Shipping Association gave a valuable outline of what the Alberta Livestock Pool is endeavoring to do for the producers, while D. J. Christie, of the Dairy Pool, described the progress of this expanding marketing organization, now extensively engaged in manufacturing.

Following election of officers, a dinner was provided in the United Church Hall by the ladies of the United and Anglican churches. On this occasion short speeches in happy vein were given by Mrs. Parlby who spoke on Alberta's educational problems, by William Irvine, M.P., and Mr. De Long, of the experimental station. Mr. Hoskins gave a number of recitations which were much enjoyed.

At the evening meeting, held in the theatre, those present had the pleasure of hearing, in addition to their own member, a visitor from the neighboring constituency in the person of Alfred Speakman, M.P., whose address on the limitations of the private member's powers in Parliament, and upon various problems successfully dealt with by the Farmer groups at Ottawa, was highly appreciated.

Member Addresses Delegates

W. Irvine rendered to the convention an excellent account of his stewardship. At the meeting of the women's section in the forenoon, he spoke on "The Canada We Are Making." His treatment of the subject was such as to make it logically follow the very suggestive and inspiring address of Mrs. Parlby. He reviewed the economic history of Canada, stressing the courageous and romantic features of the pioneering period. The noblest heritage which we, the successors of the pioneers, received from them, he said, was the pioneering spirit. That spirit knew initiative. It was constructive, creative and unafraid.

The new race which must ultimately emerge in Canada, said the speaker, would be, he believed, a biological composite of the adventurous and the strong of all the peoples of the earth. He argued that the cross-fertilization of races and cultures was essential to the evolution of the highest type of civilization. The human factor was the most essential to national greatness, and with the advantages to be gained by the mingling of races, together with the heritage of the spirit of the great pioneers, Canada should become the greatest nation upon earth. By greatness, Mr. Irvine explained, he did not mean greatness of area, of natural resources of wealth or military power. The greatest nation in the world was the nation which could boast of the greatest proportionate number of happy human beings.

Continuing, Mr. Irvine took account of our natural resources, and showed that the physical basis for a happy Canada was not lacking, and he then dealt with the political development which is making Canada a nation within the Commonwealth of British Nations. With such people, with such a heritage of natural wealth and such desirable political associations as were ours in that great Commonwealth, what were we going to make of Canada? asked the speaker. He concluded his address with an appeal for a realization not only of the significance of our resources, physical, human and political, and not only of the great possibilities of the future, but also for recognition of the fact that both individually and collectively, Canadians must accept responsibility for the Canada that is being made.

Work Accomplished at Ottawa

In the evening, Mr. Irvine reviewed the last session of Parliament, and dealt in an interesting and instructive and comprehensive manner with the work accomplished. He dealt in particular with certain outstanding features of the session.

The Prime Minister, he said, had promised in the closing days of the preceding session, on the floor of the House, that consideration would be given to the request of the U.F.A. members that the estimates be submitted to committees of the House instead of to the Committee of the Whole, as is now the practice. Premier King implemented his promise by introducing the matter in the form of a resolution, but took good care to prevent its acceptance by coupling with it an amendment to the rules of the House in regard to private bills such as he knew would not be acceptable.

The Sun Life Bill, which had been finally withdrawn after the third attempt of the company to get it through Parliament, would have passed in the session when it was first introduced with scarcely a dissenting voice, stated Mr. Irvine, but for the determined action of the U.F.A. and Labor groups. This measure would have conferred enormously valuable privileges upon a small group of persons interested, to the disadvantage of the non-privileged, and was a most offensive measure which no public man who seriously sought to serve the public interest could allow to pass unchallenged. The withdrawal of the measure was evidence of the great power for good which even the comparatively small independent groups could exert at Ottawa.

Immigration

On the vexed question of immigration, the farmer members were at last beginning to make an impression at Ottawa. The soundness of the policy which they had at first advocated to a House which derided their views, was, like so many other policies of which the Farmers and Labor had been the pioneers, at last gaining recognition. They held that assisted immigration was wrong, and when applied to the agricultural class of immigrant alone was doubly wrong, and would have to be abandoned.

Referring to the subject of divorce bills, Mr. Irvine said that the whole proceedings incident thereto in Parliament were a disgraceful farce. Because of

(Continued on page 20)

What Has Been Achieved in the Past Session?

A Survey of the Work of Members at Ottawa—Wastefulness of Partyism—Progress of Non-Partisanship in Committees—Federal Members' Question to the Organization—Is the Association Ready for Coming Federal Election?

By
ALFRED SPEAKMAN
U.F.A. Member for Red Deer

The session is over. The din of battle has died away, and has become a mere memory of the past, and it is possible now to take a calm, unimpassioned survey of all that transpired, and to review with some sense of proportion, the chief incidents of the past few months in Ottawa.

From that point of view we may ask ourselves, what has been achieved, what progress has been accomplished, and for what outstanding feature, or characteristic shall the session of 1929 deserve, and hold, a place in our memory?

Parliament Very Human

For sessions of Parliament are very human in many ways, and in no way are they more human than in their differences. Each session has an atmosphere which is peculiarly its own; in each there is usually some outstanding event, some definite line of thought, infrequently appearing in the Speech from the Throne, seldom foreseen when Parliament assembles, but which, none the less, appears to dominate the session, and give color to all its activities.

In reading this series of articles, written from time to time by the various U.F.A. Federal Members, and dealing with the different phases of sessional activity, it must always be kept in mind that each article, while agreeing in its statements of fact, must of necessity present the viewpoint, and express the opinions of the individual member whose turn it is to write. The question of the individual viewpoint assumes its greatest magnitude when dealing, as this article attempts to deal, with the comparative importance of the different subjects which come before Parliament, and the various phases of Parliamentary life, during any one session, but it is safe to assert that the opinions herein expressed, are those held, in greater or lesser degree, by every member of the group.

To the writer it appears unquestionable that the greatest single feature of the session just closed, has been no one act of legislation, not even the Grain Act, nor the Election Act, important though these undoubtedly are, but rather the method by which these various problems were dealt with, and the attitude of Parliament whilst they were under consideration.

Weakness of Party System

Perhaps the greatest weakness in our Parliamentary system, and that which opposes the greatest stumbling block to legislative reform, has been the intrusion of political considerations into the areas of public business. Undoubtedly the great percentage of all questions which come before Parliament are primarily economic in character, and can only be settled, permanently and satisfactorily, if dealt with upon their merits, and in accord with sound business principles. Unfortunately, this has seemed impossible, under our political system as we know it. So long as we have two parties in the House, and in the country, the one which happens to be in the majority for the time being exercising all the functions and assuming all the authority of Government, and the other, perhaps only slightly less numerous, forming the official Opposition and striving constantly to tear down, and to bring into political disrepute their political opposites, with the hope of themselves displacing them at the next election, so long will political expediency outweigh sound business principles, in the consideration of most matters.

This has brought another evil in its train. Just as, to the official Opposition, every Government measure is something to be looked upon with suspicion, and to be destroyed, if possible, so, to a supporter of the Government, any suggestion emanating from across the floor must be considered as a mark of want of confidence and repudiated as such, without regard to any meritorious feature it might possess.

Between this Scylla and Charybdis, the private member on either side is deprived of a large part of his potential usefulness, and has, as a matter of fact, about as effective a voice in framing the legislation of this country, as has half a gale of wind in altering the course of a modern liner. The passage may be rendered uncomfortable, but the destination remains unaffected.

And so it goes on, the Cabinet making laws, the Opposition tearing them to pieces, while the rank and file of the members root from the side benches.

One Notable Exception

During the past years there has been one notable exception to the general rule in this regard. Legislation appertaining to the welfare of our returned men, whether by way of land settlement, of pensions, or of general re-establishment, has been treated in a very different manner. Whether it was that public opinion would not tolerate the injection of politics into this truly national field of legislation, or whether it was that the members themselves viewed these matters in a non-partisan light, the fact itself has been evident, and legislation has been the better by reason of this fact. The Special Committee dealing with this work, and whose membership has comprised representatives from all parties and groups in the House, has always possessed the unique power to initiate and frame legislation unhampered by political considerations or Cabinet dictation.

The motto of this Committee has always been, "Abandon politics, all ye who enter here," and this motto has always been lived up to. The writer has been associated with this work for years, and at no time during that period would it have been possible to ascertain as to what party or group any member of the Committee belonged. Each member contributed what he could to the objective in mind, that of framing the legislation in the best and most satisfactory manner possible, rather than expending his energies in criticism, or attack, in an effort to gain some political kudos for himself, or for his party. The writer has long contended that this procedure could be advantageously extended to embrace subjects other than those enumerated, feeling that this would be beneficial alike to the matters thus dealt with, and thereby removed from the political arena, and to the country, which would have the advantage of a more businesslike treatment of what, after all, are business problems, and to the members themselves, who would have the opportunity of accomplishing some really useful work.

Election Act Amendments

Prior to the session just brought to a close, no indication had been given that this would be done. Now, however, this principle has been extended to include the most important act, from a business point of view, that has been enacted during the last twelve months, the Grain Act, under the provisions of which a business involving hundreds of millions of dollars annually is carried on, a business which also involves the livelihood of tens of thousands of farmers, and which furnishes the greatest single item of our export trade. Then too, the same principle was applied to the Dominion Elections Act, perhaps the most difficult problem which has been dealt with in recent years, politically speaking—an act packed with potential dynamite.

Not only were these subjects removed from the realm of politics, in what was perhaps the only effective way, but the members on these two Committees were enabled to do some really constructive work, and to justify fully the appellation of "legislator."

Another most satisfactory feature of this innovation was the fact that the acts themselves have been acclaimed as the most carefully considered, and most skilfully framed, of any which have been recently enacted. As both these acts were highly technical in their nature, and extremely controversial in some of their aspects, and as both passed the House in record time, and with the minimum of friction, the experiment may well be con-

ALFRED SPEAKMAN, M.P.

THE PARTY SYSTEM

Growth of Power Monopoly

News from Alberta Wheat Pool Head Office

Information for Directors and Local Board of the Publicity Department of the Alberta Wheat Pool

Wheat Pool Delegate Nominations

[illegible]

quently the elections were by acclamation

[illegible]

tions were in favor of the following members

[illegible]

Saskatchewan Pool Delegates' Meeting

[illegible]

To Investigate Milling

[illegible]

to study the questions further and make a report at the next meeting.

[illegible]

[illegible] Kennedy [illegible] Pool [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Wheat Pool [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Pool [illegible]

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[illegible] themselves. After past and things, Miss Marie [illegible] of the recent

Jackman Describes Economic Handicaps of Argentine Farmers

[illegible]

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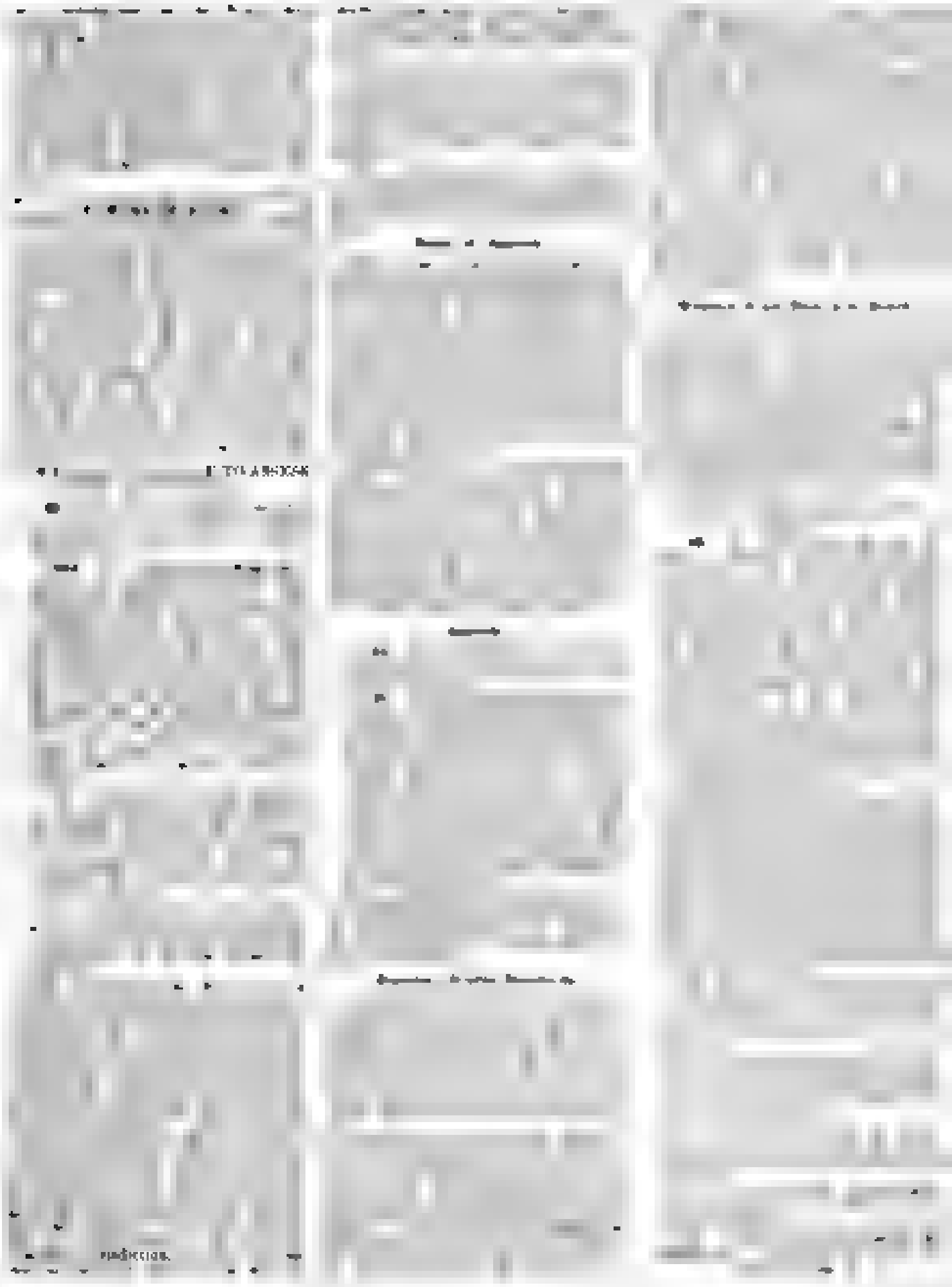
Amendments to the Canada Grain Act Meet Major Recommendations of U.F.A. Convention

[illegible]

[illegible] reforms in Grain Act [illegible] which have been [illegible] achievement [illegible]—Edit[illegible]



Provincial Cabinet Ministers Deal With Resolutions of Annual Convention

[illegible]

[illegible]

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Interests of the United Farm Women

The Rapid Pace of Change in Modern Life

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Activities of the U.F.W.A.

CHILD WELFARE CLINIC

Pickel U.F.W.A. Local held a very successful Child Welfare Clinic in June at the home of one of the members, Mrs. H. E. Jones. Although the weather was unfavorable there was a good attendance, reports Mrs. James Miller, secretary. 7 babies and 3 pre-school age children being examined. At our regular June meeting, minus Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Price, our Second Vice-President, gave a very interesting talk. All expressed their appreciation of his address.

TO DISCUSS SCHOOL BILL

The regular meeting of Hillsdale U.F.W.A. Local was held on June 26th at the home of Mrs. George Hobbs. Following the roll call on miscellaneous items, Mrs. Burkholder gave a paper on "The Premiers of our Province" which was much appreciated. It was decided that the next meeting be devoted to studying the new school bill, and the Women's Institute were invited to take part in the discussion. The hostess assisted by Miss K. Gadsen, served a delightful lunch.

AT NEWLANDS LOCAL

Reports on the dance, candy sale and raffle held by Newlands U.F.W.A. Local were given at the last regular meeting. The raffle of pillowslips donated by Mrs. Whitney and worked by Mrs. Whitney and Mrs. Peacock, realized a $10.10. Altogether $25 was cleared from the dance, as a letter from Mrs. J. Green, secretary. This Local has organized a ladies' softball team, and made uniforms, red and black. They will play against the Newlands young girls at a tea social to be held at the home of Mrs. E. Nettleton.

ADDRESSES ON GIRL GUIDES

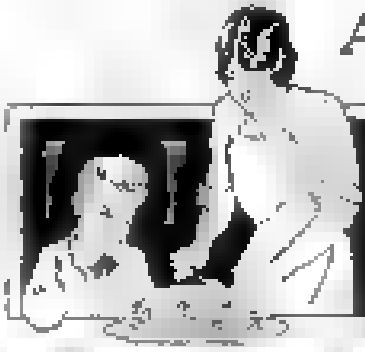
Valley View U.F.W.A. Local heard two addresses on girl guide work at a well attended meeting held on June 26th, says a report from the secretary, Mrs. Ina Hoggarth. Lady Rodney, Provincial Commissioner of Canadian Girl Guides, and Mrs. Ellis, Provincial Secretary, were the speakers. Mrs. Tweedy gave a paper on Canadian literature. The members found the addresses very interesting, says Mrs. Hoggarth. Mrs. N. Warren presided and Mrs. Elliott Erickson the hostess, served refreshments.

EXCELSIOR PICNIC

Excelsior U.F.W.A. Local (Whitby) held a most successful picnic on June 4th, clearing $107. They have had the piano at the community hall reconditioned and have paid for a double swing at the picnic grounds and donated $25 to the baseball club. They plan to buy an oil stove and dishes for the community hall kitchen. This Local meets on the first Saturday of the month for business sessions and also holds a social afternoon on the third Saturday to which the public are invited. Lunch is served and ice cream sold at the social meetings.

ENTERTAIN NEIGHBORING LOCAL

Buffalo Hills U.F.W.A. recently entertained Glaches U.F.W.A. Local at a tea, their guests at a meeting and picnic held at the Bow River. After a short business meeting, which the corresponding secre-



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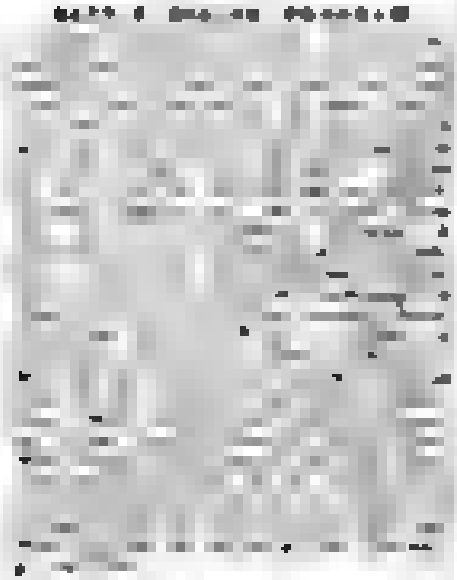
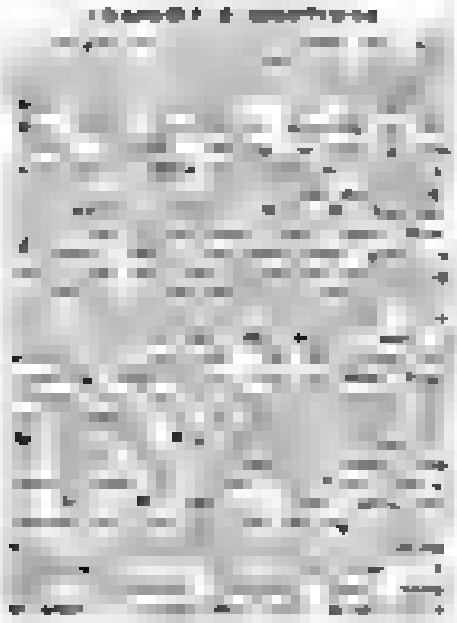
W. V. NEWSON, Deputy Prov. Treasurer
PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, EDMONTON, ALBERTA

"FOR THE LOVE OF PETE

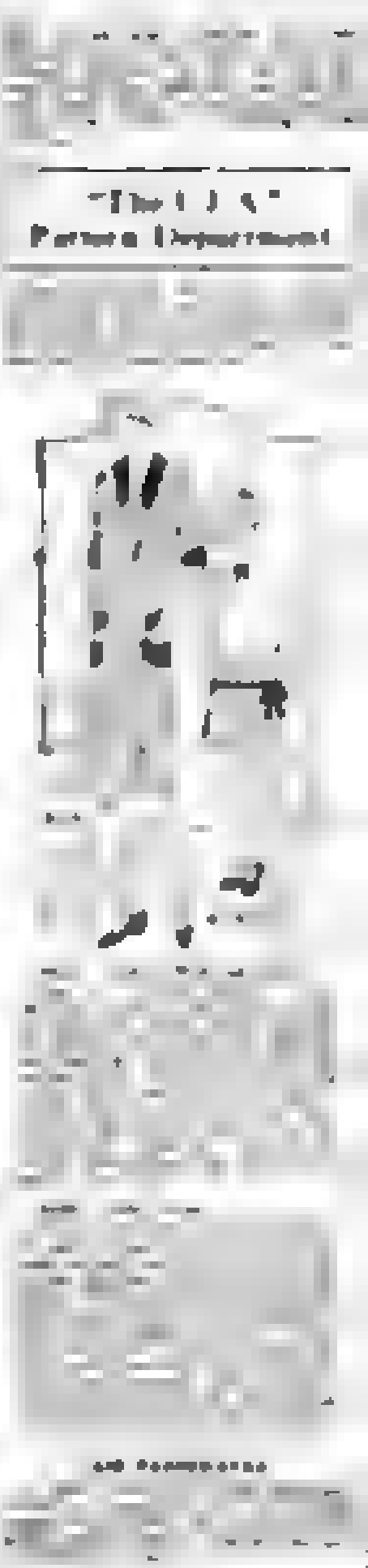
Please withdraw my ads for Hampshire pigs and duck eggs as I am snowed under a foot deep with orders and completely sold out.
"You sure have a great little advertising paper."

The letter printed above was written by H. V. Fernsbough of Morrin, to the Classified Advertising Section of
"The U.F.A."
Loughead Building Calgary





"The U. S."
Parcel Department



Seasonable Recipes

BANANA CREAM

PEAT'S TOP CAKE

PERFECTION DOOR

U. F. A. Junior Activities

The U.F.A. Juniors at the Co-operative Institute

MOUNT ROYAL COLLEGE

Swat the fly with GILLETT'S LYE

A teaspoonful of Gillett's Lye sprinkled in the Garbage Can prevents flies breeding

The Gillett's Lye for all Cleaning and Sanitizing

CANCER

Please Mention "The U.F.A."

Dairy Fo
Pool. Ultimate
All covered i
Trade
Th
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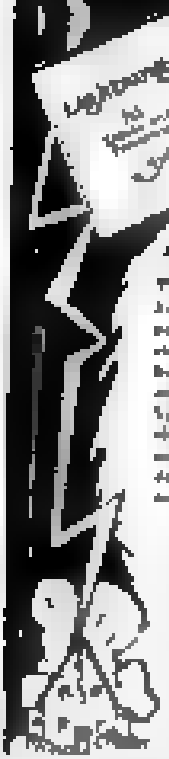
FREE



How To Protect Farm Houses Against Lightning

EASTERN TOWNSHIPS LIGHTNING ROD CO.
Regina, Sask.

Eastern Townships Lightning Rod Co
Regina, Sask.

A PRODUCT OF
GENERAL STEEL WARES
LIMITED

23 Branches Across Canada

PROVINCE OF ALBERTA

Driver's Licence—Fee 50c

On and after July 1st, 1929 no person shall drive a motor vehicle on a highway in Alberta unless such person is in possession of a subsisting driver's licence or chauffeur's licence. The penalty is a severe one for driving without a licence.

No driver's licence shall be issued to any person under the age of sixteen years. If the applicant is between the ages of sixteen and eighteen, the application must bear the signature of the parent or guardian that the applicant is competent to drive a motor vehicle and is familiar with the motor vehicle laws of the Province and the rules of the road.

Application cards may be obtained from any Alberta Police Officer, Clerks of the Court, dealers in motor vehicles, owners of licence number plates, or from the postmaster in any town or village, and when completed should be forwarded with the fee of fifty cents for the licence to the Motor Vehicle Branch Offices at either Calgary, Lethbridge or Medicine Hat, or to the Office of the Deputy Provincial Secretary at Edmonton.

In addition to severe penalties for driving while intoxicated, reckless driving and other offences against the Act, the licence may be suspended or cancelled.

A SUMMARY OF THE CHIEF POINTS A MOTOR DRIVER MUST KNOW

You MUST—

Keep to the right when meeting or being overtaken by other vehicles.

1. Not drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of liquor, or in reckless manner.
2. Never obstruct the highway nor allow the horses to become unmanageable.
3. Give warning of approach, whenever necessary.
4. Stop on request of pedestrian or vehicle or person in charge of horses.
5. Never use signal being sounded, if not authorized.
6. Keep your driving license when driving. Produce it on reasonable request. Never lend it to anyone else.
7. See that your vehicle driver wears reasonable marks, properly placed.
8. Carry proper lights during hours of darkness.
9. Know speed limits on the highway and be reasonable.
10. Give in event of accident, and give name and address of driver and owner on demand and in case of accident report the number of the car.
11. Frequently inspect your motor vehicle. See that your brakes, steering wheel and lights are in perfect condition.
12. Not drive on that part reserved for the use of pedestrians, and you must not assume that the road is clear and available to motors. Horse racks, sidewalks, ramps, and pavements marked, bridges or closed to the road, or operation without the certain knowledge of a clear road.
13. Do not exceed fifty miles an hour. When approaching curves, or approaching intersections, take the right, when approaching hills, remember that descending traffic has more difficulty in stopping than ascending.

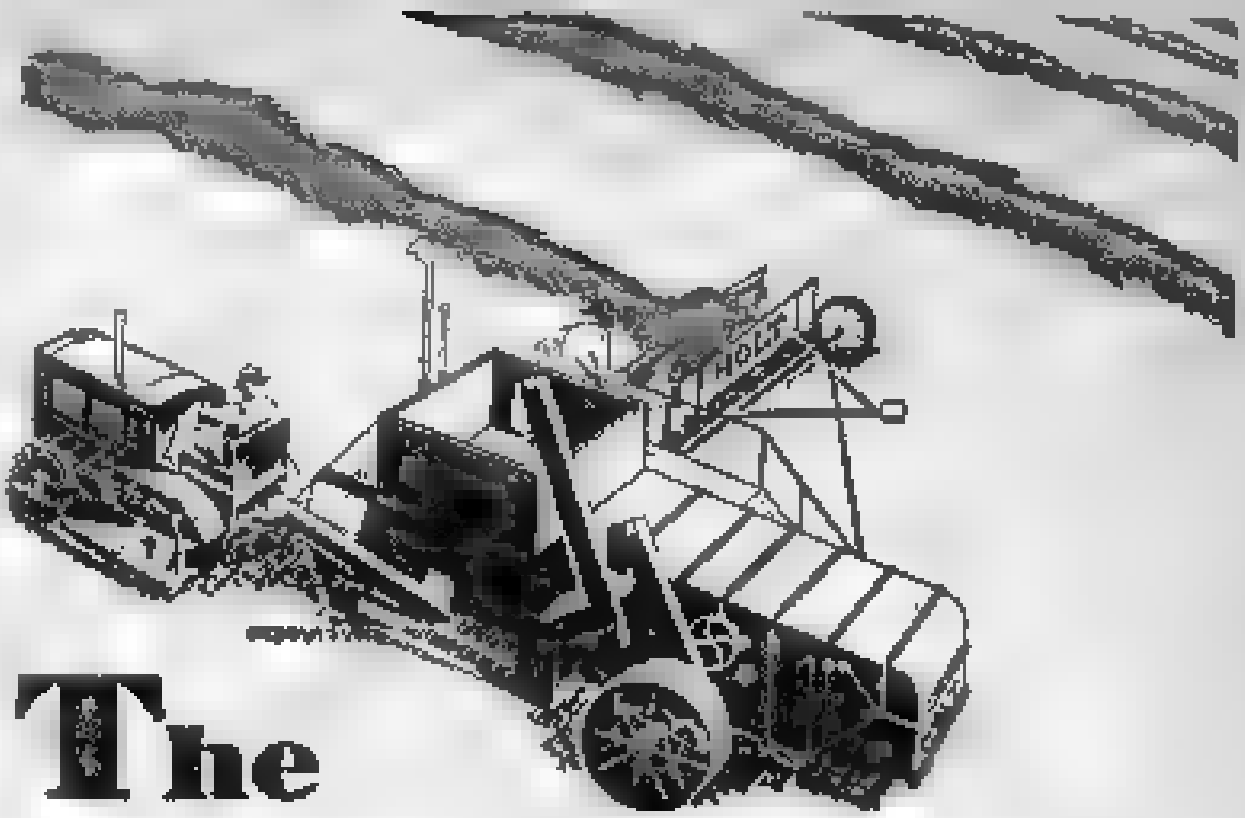
DRIVE CAREFULLY **KEEP TO THE RIGHT** **SAFETY FIRST—**
The most important principle of the Road.

Hon. J. E. BROWNLEE, *Provincial Secretary.* E. TROWBRIDGE, *Deputy Provincial Secretary.*

Your Grain Market

HOLT Combined Harvester

Union Tractor & Harvester Co. Ltd.



The search *for* GOLD

"Gold in the Hills" was the cry that beckoned pioneers. Today there's a far greater wealth of gold in the fields—golden grain—and the progressive grain grower demands equipment that will harvest it without loss of grain or time, and at minimum cost.

Holt Combined Harvesters offer the better, quicker, cheaper way of harvesting. They save the grain—picking and cooling—shaking and beating—keeping the straw in a bag to release the precious kernels. The Holt is built strong to last long. It harvests various crops—meets a wide range of conditions. It is light running—easy handling.

Holt Windrow equipment is available for all these models of the Holt combine. Leveling attachments can be had, too, to obtain maximum operating and separating efficiency on rolling hills. See your "Caterpillar" dealer for particulars.

Caterpillar Tractor Co.

EXECUTIVE OFFICES: SAN LEANDRO, CALIF.

Sales Offices

Peoria, Ill. — 18 Church St., N.Y. — San Leandro, Calif.

Holt Combined Harvesters
Russell Road Machinery
Caterpillar Tractors

HOLT

MODEL 30		MODEL 34		MODEL 36	
10 foot	$1796	12 foot	$2100	16½ foot	$2450
12 foot	$1851	15 foot	$2165	20 foot	$2495

ALL PRICES F.O.B. STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA

COMBINED HARVESTERS

Central Garage, *Medicine Hat, Alberta*
Douglas Bros., *Rosetown, Sask.*
Edmonton Tractor & Equipment Co. Ltd., *Edmonton, Alberta*
Lange Tractor & Equipment Co., 306 E. Superior St., *Duluth, Minn.*
Morrison Tractor & Equipment Co. Ltd., *Vancouver, B. C.*
The Albert Olson Co. Ltd., *Regina, Sask.*
Peace River Tractor & Equipment Co., *Grande Prairie, Alta.*
Powell Equipment Co. Ltd., *Winnipeg, Man.*
The Tractor & Thresher Co., *Saskatoon, Sask.*
Union Tractor & Harvester Co. Ltd., *Calgary, Alta.*

NEWS FROM THE HEAD OFFICE of the ALBERTA LIVESTOCK POOL

Packing Plant Policy of Pool Adds to Interest in Sign-Up Campaign

Local Associations Hold Annual Meetings

[illegible] Elsie Young McCrae [illegible] president, Mrs. [illegible] Dowdell, Mille [illegible] and vice-president, Robert Hankin Clay [illegible] treasurer, Mr. [illegible] of Bever [illegible] Cook, Conquering [illegible] Wetaskiwin, Mrs. Cutsinger, Wetaskiwin, Pooka, Mrs. Howard Rupert, Pooka, [illegible] Ason Bentley. The board appointed Mrs. Dowdell secretary-treasurer for the coming year.

POWER INVESTIGATION.

Alberta Labor News

Another step in the power policy of the Edmonton city council has resulted in Superintendent Cunningham of the city power plant and Hon. H. C. Reid, Provincial Treasurer, taking a trip to be [illegible] to confer with Ontario officials and others in the matter of the investigation which will be jointly carried on by the city of Edmonton and the Province of Alberta in connection with power developments in Edmonton and the western and central parts of the Province.

Every move made by the city council majority has further indicated the capacity of the labor aldermen to deal with the big problem of future power supply from the very beginning, as the Labor News has said before. There has been some careful and thorough work on the part of the council. Faced with strenuous efforts on the part of private interests to gain control of the city utilities backed by high pressure propaganda, the increase of the power trust, the labor members of the council have gone about their work, and have succeeded in interesting the Provincial Government to the extent that it sent one of its Ministers to the East to study the situation from the standpoint of the Government.

From the first the Labor men on the council have seen in the Edmonton situation the key to power development in central and northern Alberta. With that in their minds they saw the advantages of securing the co-operation of the Provincial authorities. This is just what they have done to a remarkable degree.

Within the next few years, as seems probable, the Provincial Government takes hold of the power development of Alberta, much of the credit for the kind of co-operation which will make such development successful will rest at the doors of the Labor aldermen of the Edmonton city council of 1920. And, if ably, if they accomplish their objective, they will save the citizens of Edmonton many millions of dollars.

SUPPORTS CO-OPERATION

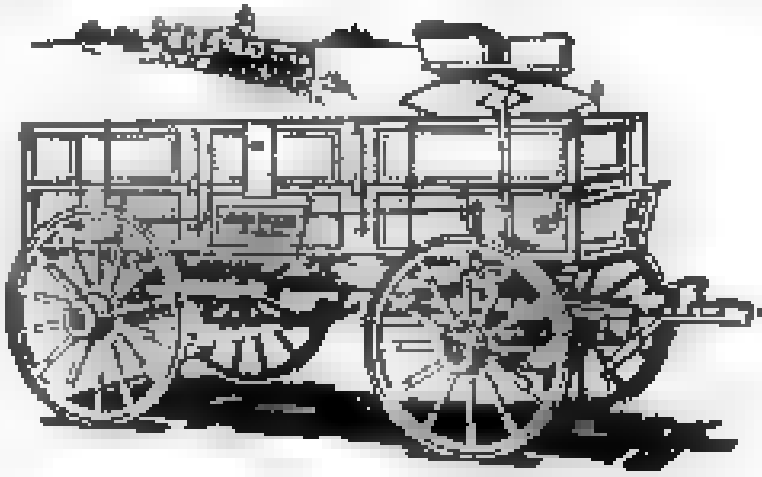
The Canadian Courier, published by the Departments of Colonization, Agriculture and Natural Resources of the Canadian National Railways, devotes a page section to the progress of co-operation in Canada. The editor, Colin [illegible], was formerly publicity commissioner for the Alberta Government.

A STATE MONOPOLY

Broadcasting has been made a state monopoly in Belgium and provides for the establishment of a national broadcasting institute, states a despatch.

The new organization, which is to control broadcasting, will be regarded as a public educational body respecting every liberty of thought and opinion.

Never display a wound except to a physician. — Bagehot.



Your Dollar Buys More in a John Deere Wagon

The wagon which gives the greatest value for the dollar expended is actually the lowest priced in the long run.

That is why when you buy a wagon you should select a guaranteed John Deere Wagon.

In strength, in durability, in light running qualities, and in appearance, the John Deere is today the acknowledged favorite of careful wagon buyers everywhere.

It offers the greatest value for your wagon dollar.

Quality Tracks

As is John Deere Wagons, extra great of service are built into John Deere Tracks. They are light draft and strong.

Sold by John Deere dealers. Write today for free illustrated descriptive John Deere Wagons and Tracks. Address John Deere Plow Co., Ltd., Winnipeg, Manitoba, and ask for Folder ET-6 [illegible]

JOHN DEERE

THE TRADE MARK OF QUALITY MADE FAMOUS BY GOOD IMPLEMENTS

Save Trips to Town

You may safely send your deposits to this bank by mail. Every deposit by mail will be given careful and immediate attention, and you will receive an acknowledgment by return post.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

201 BRANCHES IN DOMINION OF CANADA

U.F.A. Veterans' Section

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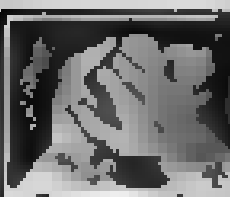
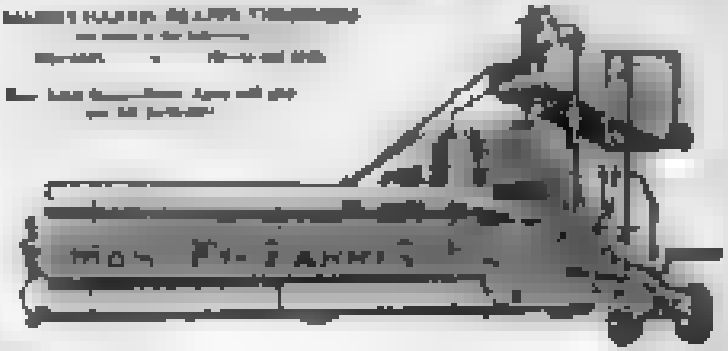


Mechanical Harvesting Reaping Threshing

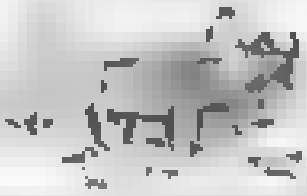
Rules Out the Grain

Large Capacity of the Reaper-Thresher Means More Profits from Your Crops



MASSEY-HARRIS CO. LIMITED

Are You Loaning Money?



WESTEEL

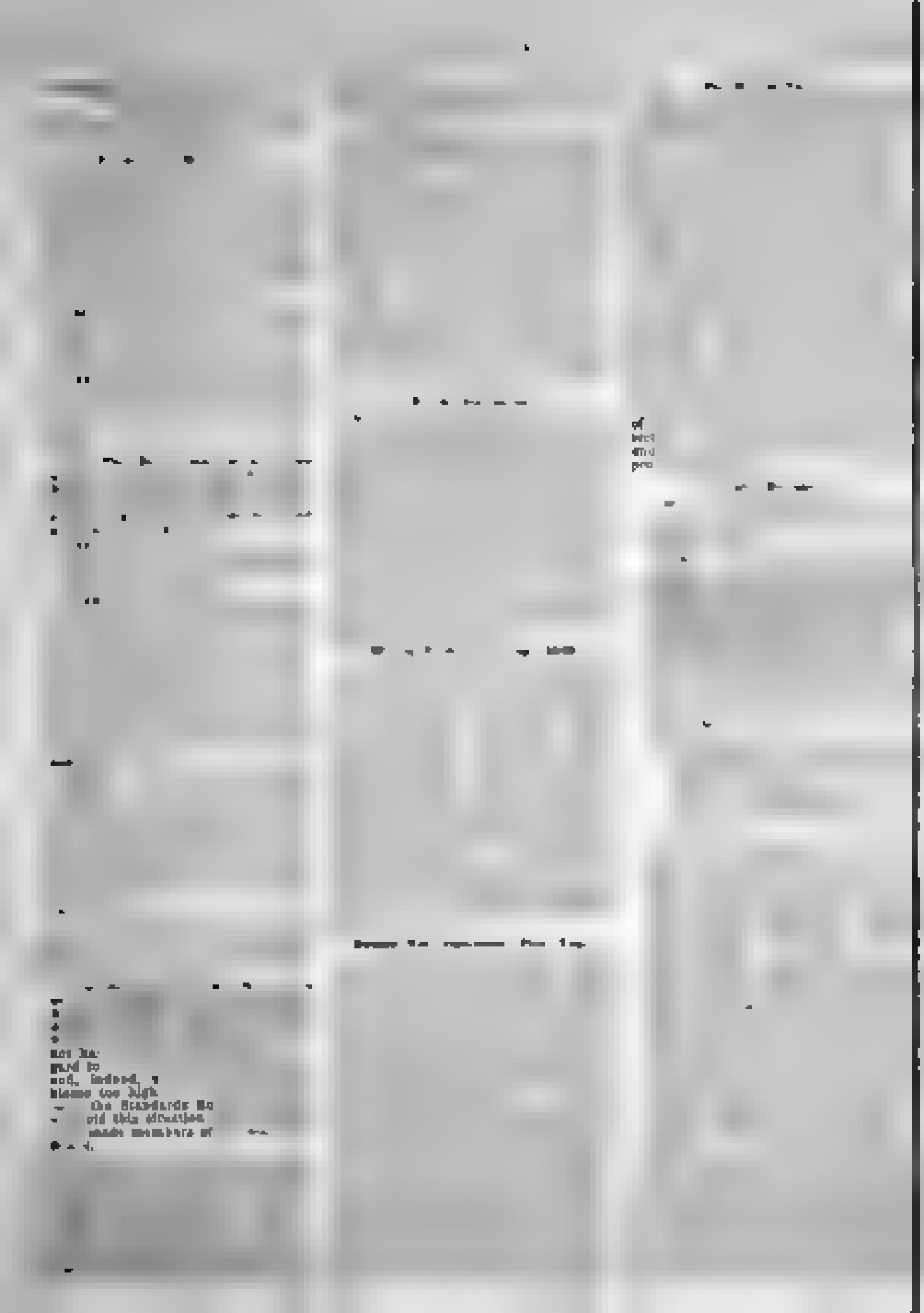
Wagon Box Sheets

Western Steel Products Limited

MINARD'S

KING OF PAIN

LINIMENT



[illegible] the individual or individuals named [illegible]

Tickets and Receipts

[illegible]

The concluding part of Mr. Outland's [illegible] will be in order based on he will discuss marking at Montreal [illegible] of oats and barley, licensing of country elevator operators and inspection [illegible] Dominion points.

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[illegible]

(Continued from page [illegible])

[illegible]

CARL AXELSON

Magrath, Alta.

o

Clean Seed vs. Weeds

By G. M. Stewart, District Inspector, Dominion Seed Branch, Calgary, Alberta.

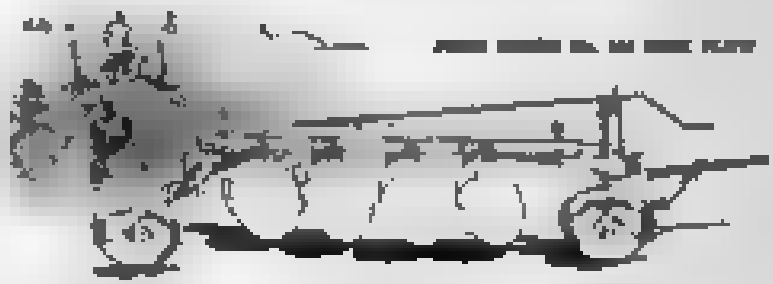
[illegible]

ALBERTA DISTRIBUTORS

CHENEY WEEDERS
GARDEN CITY FEEDERS
GARDEN CITY GRAIN REGISTERS
CARTER DISC RE-CLEANERS
GRAIN ELEVATORS and LOADERS
BRANTFORD TWINE AND SUPPLIES

NORTHERN MACHINERY CO., LTD.

CALGARY ALBERTA



Four Features You Want in Your Disk Plow—

1 Sturdy Construction

Heavy disk standards are bolted between [illegible] angled steel [illegible] backs, making a practically non-breakable joint. Tie rods high [illegible] are used. Other parts accordingly strong.

2 Roller Bearing Disk Bearings

Outstanding John Deere design and manufacture and roller bearings provide smooth running, solid support for the disks, [illegible] disk bearings wear and, because disks are free to turn, are clogging in trashy conditions.

3 Great Capacity for Good Work

Keen edged, properly angled heat-treated disks cut [illegible] quickly and hold a sharp edge. They are great workers in heavy [illegible] and dry or trashy soils, equally efficient in deep or shallow plowing.

4 Easy Handling Under All Conditions

Depth adjustments easily made with handy screw [illegible]. Width of cut quickly changed by lengthening draft bolts. Heavy duty positive power lift [illegible] disks drop.

John Deere No. 100 Series Disk Plows, with all of these features, are built in 2-, 3-, 4-, 5-, or 6-disk sizes; there's a size for your field and your tractor. See these improved disk plows at your John Deere dealer's. Write to John Deere Plow Co., Ltd., Winnipeg, Manitoba, for free folder AE-438.

JOHN DEERE

[illegible] of old [illegible]

[illegible] answer in [illegible] be as Goods Act Dispatch.

that [illegible] need, I cannot too the importance and need.

[illegible]

[illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] for [illegible] [illegible] million [illegible] top [illegible] [illegible] provid[illegible]

[illegible]

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UNLISTED STOCKS

C. BRUCE JONES

Only One Criterion
of Our Bond Condition

To Get the Most
Money for Your
POULTRY
SHIP TO
Windsor's Produce
Ave. W. - Calgary

FASHION BOOK
NOTICE

NEWS FROM ALBERTA DAIRY POOL HEAD OFFICE

Official Information for Members of the Alberta Co-operative Dairy Pool

Does It Pay Farmers to Own and Operate Their Own Business Enterprises?

Is It Better to Pay the Overhead Expenses of the Private Companies and Not Own the Plant, or to Pay the Expenses and Own It?

[illegible]

Cost for One Year

[illegible]

Equipment	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]

[illegible]

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[illegible]	[illegible]
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	[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

The Cost Last Year

[illegible]

[illegible]

Home of the Calgary Milk Pool

[illegible]

financial position of the producer. Each year he has $5,000 set aside on which no interest is paid. Therefore, instead of actually paying in five years $6,000 as interest on the investment in the creamery, he only pays $3,000. After the fourth year he will own the creamery completely and will pay no interest at all. He will own a depreciation reserve of $9,000, which will belong to the producer instead of the company.

In five years, under company management, the producer will have paid to the company $42,000 and will have not one cent of equity in this amount, that is to say, the creamery and the depreciation reserve will belong entirely to the company. In five years, under his own management and control, and paying the same levy of one cent per pound, and the same rates for depreciation, the producer will have paid out of his pocket five thousand dollars less than would have been paid under company control and management.

Now, as said before, the producer has no equity in the $42,000 paid to the company. Will he have any equity in the $37,000 paid to his own organization? All the producer has actually lost, that will never come back to him, is $3,000 paid out in interest. He will own a plant worth $20,000. He will own a depreciation reserve of $9,000 and he will have $5,000 standing to his credit in the bank. **And yet we have farmers today who believe that it does not pay to own and operate their own business.**

Milk Pool Represented in Calgary Stampede Parade

For the first time in the history of the Calgary Stampede, the co-operative movement was represented in the Stampede parade on July 8th, when a float provided jointly by producers and consumers interested in the new Calgary Milk Pool, drawn by six black horses owned by George Church of Balzac, attracted much attention. W. E. Turner, one of the members of the Labor committee, was in charge of the float—a wagon tastefully decorated, and carrying on its sides an appeal to Calgary consumers to participate in the new enterprise by becoming customers of the Pool.

The new Milk Pool is the outcome of a resolution passed by Beddington, U.F.A. local in June, 1925, to the effect that steps be taken to organize the milk producers in the Provincial Dairy Pool. The resolution was sponsored by O. Short and [illegible] and W. A. Hunter were appointed a committee to canvass the Beddington district for members. They were so successful that they were asked to canvass the entire Calgary district, and 93 per cent of the producers were signed up at the time. Mr. Hunter is president of the Calgary and District Milk Producers' Association, which is establishing the new enterprise in Calgary, and Mr. Short was secretary from 1925 until a few months ago when John Cullen of Springbank took over. The vice-president is Keyes Cullen, of Springbank; the directors are Alex. [illegible], of Cochrane; Earl Hayes, of North Calgary; and George Church, of Balzac. W. E. Turner, of Calgary, took an active part in the negotiations which led to the agreement between the consumers and the producers' organization. Other members of the provisional consumers' committee are: Alderman F. J. White, M.L.A.; Alderman Edith Patterson; and Miss A. [illegible] Turner.

CLEAN SEED

Means--

CLEANER and BETTER CROPS

THE MAJESTIC ROTARY SEED CLEANER and GRADER

—removes all weed seeds and wild oats—grades the grain and scalps it in one operation.

LARGE CAPACITY, EASILY OPERATED, BUILT TO LAST A LIFETIME

Write for full particulars

WESTERN IMPLEMENTS, LTD.

1330 SCARTH STREET, REGINA, SASK.

VULCAN IRON WORKS Limited

Established 1911

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA

PROMPT AND EFFICIENT SERVICE

Chilled Steel Castings of All Kinds
Mine Car Wheels
Gray Iron and Brass Castings
Bolts, Nuts, Rivets, Washers, etc.
Boilers and Steel Plate Work
Steel Tanks of Every Description
Iron and Steel Forgings

ELEVATOR MACHINERY
VULCAN CLOSE AIR DUMPS
Fire Hydrants
Structural Steel
Frogs and Switches
Ornamental Iron Works
Machining of All Kinds

Ship Your Grain

TO

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD.

BANK OF HAMILTON CHAMBERS
WINNIPEG

LOUGHEED BUILDING
CALGARY

Get the fullest possible protection

NEWS OF ORGANIZATION

(Continued from page 6)

appoint auxiliary members who might be called upon for organization meetings.

A resolution was carried dealing with the hydro-electric question in the following terms:

"Resolved, that we again ask the Provincial Government to seriously consider the establishment of hydro-electric power in the Province under Government control."

Other resolutions were carried as follows: Recommending that farmers be required to make written annual reports on weed eradication; asking that elementary lessons on co-operation be included in the school curriculum and that a treatise on farm organizations be given a place in historical readings supplied to pupils; asking the overhauling of the school curriculum with a view to curtailment of some studies of little practical use; suggesting the formation of school districts in such a way as to bring the schools closer to the pupils, and giving a detailed plan to this end; and asking more restrictions against the importation of farm products from other countries.

Gus Roose, president, was chairman of the meeting, and gave an introductory address, especially appealing to farmers not to be careless or indifferent in organization work because now, as always, whatever progress might be accomplished would have to be made by themselves, and the U.F.A., he said, was the best medium for performing this service.

Mrs. Ed. Kehoe gave a report on the progress of the Poultry Pool, and Jonathan Toole, of the Junior Board, also gave an address.

Hon. V. W. Smith reported comprehensively on Government work and stated that Provincial finances were in a healthy condition. The telephone department was in excellent shape; business was being increased, the system was being well maintained and reserves built up. He judged that after a few more years of operation a reduction would be made in telephone charges if the present progress continued. With reference to hydro-electric, Mr. Smith said that the Government was investigating carefully but since a tremendous outlay of public funds was involved it would be necessary to move cautiously. Mr. Smith felt that while the Government's highway program was a heavy one and involved a huge expenditure of money, that the Government was moving as rapidly as possible to meet the great demand that was in evidence throughout the Province.

Individualism Gone Never to Return

Minister Discusses Farmers' Struggle for Industrial Liberty, on U.F.A. Sunday

"The Signs of the Times," was the subject of an address given at Elnora on U.F.A. Sunday by Rev. Mr. Nicols. The present was a transition period, said the speaker, who instanced the "clamoring for something new, something strange, . . . the world's heaving unrest, the wrongs suffered by humanity, the rottenness of the prevailing economic systems, corruption sheltered by the courts of law, the arrogance and blindness of those in power, and the attempt of the common people to assert themselves." Mr. Nicols discussed the relation of the farming community to all others, declaring that the awakening among the farming population showed clearly the change that had taken place.

"The great problem today," said Mr. Nicols, "is the industrial problem, and farmers have something to do with it as well as others. There have been two great struggles in the past—the struggle for intellectual and religious liberty, and the struggle for political liberty. Today the struggle is for industrial liberty. The reason why this problem is looking so largely before the world at the present time is because production is for profit and not for use. Houses are built to rent and not to live in, and clothing is made to sell and not to wear. In addition to this, the employer has not always treated his servant as he ought, nor has he required him sufficiently for the work done.

Social Co-operation a Necessity

"Today we see a reaction from all this. Individualism has gone never to return. We cannot rebuild the old individualistic control in our lives. Take the farm of our childhood's years. Compare it with the farm of today. What a change has taken place both inside and outside of the home! There was a time when the farmer could live almost within his family circle. He raised off the farm all his food and he manufactured all that his family wore. But the day is gone when the farmer makes everything needed. Social co-operation is a necessity today in every line. That being so, the farmer must take an interest in, and strive for the welfare of others besides those of his own family circle."

Mr. Nicols then pictured the condition of many children who were poorly fed and clothed and poorly educated. "Your highest reason for organizing, and branching out in many directions other than those which immediately concern your pocket book, is the home. No man can be a true Canadian citizen without taking an interest in the social conditions of his country, and the political conditions as well, for all are involved in the well being of the home."

The social gospel was a part of Christianity, concluded the speaker, though the church's supreme mission was to individuals.

To Give Farmers in Dried Out Areas Chance to Help in Harvest Work Elsewhere

To Officers and Members:

In some previous seasons, when there were crop failures in certain areas, the U.F.A., in co-operation with the Alberta Government Employment Service, arranged for the transfer of farmers from these districts during harvest and threshing seasons to parts of the Province which had been more fortunate. The plan was very successful.

This year, when the crop has failed again over other large sections of Alberta, a similar policy is to be followed. It will enable farmers who have a crop and require labor, to give much needed assistance to their fellow farmers who have none. The plan is described below by William Carnill, director of the Employment Service in Calgary. We would strongly emphasize the importance of appointing an employment representative at once at all local points where labor is required, or where farmers whose crops have failed desire to obtain employment elsewhere for the harvest season. A man engaged in some business, and situated on a line of railway and provided with telephone connection is as a rule in the best position to undertake the necessary duties. Many such men are glad to act as agents, and thus render a real service to their communities.

We strongly urge all U.F.A. Locals to co-operate with the Employment service to the extent of their power.

H. E. G. H. SCHOLEFIELD,
Vice-President.

MR. CORNILL'S LETTER

The unfortunate drought which has extended over a large section of Western Canada this season will result in a much lower demand for farm labor than in normal years. It will, however, be just as necessary to supply labor to other sections as in previous years. Additional to the drought there appears to be such a vast difference of opinion as to what extent the combine will be used that it is almost impossible to make an estimate of the season's requirements. The Employment Service is therefore faced with a very difficult situation and it is more than ever essential that we secure the fullest co-operation of the farmers' organization of Alberta.

During the past few weeks we have had a number of farmers and their sons from the drought areas applying to our offices for employment, and up to the present we have been successful in placing them. It is anticipated that there will be a large number of these people anxious to move to other sections and secure such employment during the coming harvest season. We are naturally anxious to make the fullest possible use of this experienced labor, but unless the movement is efficiently organized I am afraid there will be much overlapping and consequent disappointments.

I would suggest that a committee be created by every Local of the U.F.A. to go into this matter immediately and assist us to cope with the situation. In districts where the crop has been seriously affected, information could be procured as to the number who are anxious to secure work in other sections. At other points an estimate could be made of the amount of additional labor required. This information should be forwarded at the earliest possible moment to Walter Smitten, Commissioner of Labor, Parliament Buildings, Edmonton. Our Service would then be in a position to make a fairly accurate distribution of the available labor which would exist at the garnering of the crops and at the same time give opportunity to the more unfortunate farmers to secure employment.

WM. CORNILL,
Government Employment Service,
Calgary.

BOW RIVER—A REMINDER

Members in Bow River are reminded that the annual convention of the B

River U.F.A. Federal Constituency Association will be commenced in the town hall at Gleichen at 10 a.m., on July 30th and will be continued on the 31st.

The arrangements, which were announced tentatively in the last issue of *The U.F.A.*, are now definite. E. J. Garland, M.P., will report on the past session of Parliament, and the other speakers are expected to be Hon. Perren Baker, A. B. Claypool, M.L.A., on the proposed co-operative packing plant, and if possible Mrs. Warr, President of the U.F.W.A. There will be several entertainment features. Annual dues to the Constituency Association have been fixed at 50 cents, and as considerable expense will be incurred in holding the Convention, all Locals who have not already sent in their full membership dues are urged to do so at once.

Late Wheat Pool News

POOL MEETING AT WARDLOW

WARDLOW, Alta., July 8th.—A meeting of the Wheat Pool members of this district was held at the Wardlow school house on Monday evening, July 8th, at which Chas. Gardner acted as chairman and Oscar Wiig, secretary. Hugh Mester gave an enlightening talk on Pool activities and the local requirements for the Pool members of this district, after which a Wheat Pool Local was formed. J. R. Hannaford was nominated president and declared elected, and Mr. H. F. Herd, secretary, of the Wardlow Local. The members of the Wheat Pool of this district are without elevator facilities here of any kind, although Wardlow is the logical shipping point for a large area. Many of the local Pool members have had to haul their wheat several extra miles due to the lack of elevator accommodations here and the railway's strict enforcement of the demurrage regulations, and, therefore, a resolution of the desirability of the Pool erecting a standard elevator at this point for the 1929 crops was discussed and passed unanimously. An estimate of the grain that goes from this district to other points where elevator facilities are available is being prepared and will be forwarded to the Alberta Wheat Pool at once.

WHITELAW POOL LOCAL

Whitelaw Wheat Pool Local has been organized with C. G. Hamilton of Whitelaw as secretary and Chas. Maney, also of Whitelaw, as chairman.

Myron Layton is chairman and James Prince, secretary, of the Glenwood Wheat Pool Local. The address of both these men is Glenwood, Alberta.

Didsbury Convention, Aug. 7th

U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. Locals in Didsbury Provincial Constituency:

The Annual Convention of the Didsbury U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. Provincial Association will be held at Carbon Wednesday, August 7th, 1929, commencing at 1 p.m. sharp. Each Local U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. is entitled to one delegate for each paid up ten members, or major portion thereof. All members will be welcome at the Convention.

Hon. Perren Baker and A. B. Claypool, M.L.A., will address the convention. A meeting of the Executive will be held on the same day at 11 a.m.

A large attendance is requested.

Yours fraternally,

J. S. EARLE,
Secretary.

Didsbury, Alta.

Classified Section

RATE—Five cents per word. Five insertions for the price of four; nine for the price of seven; thirteen for the price of ten; twenty-six for the price of sixteen.

TERMS—Cash with order.

Count each initial as a full word, also count each set of four figures as a full word. Name and address will be counted as part of the advertisement and must be paid for at the same rate. All advertisements will be classified under the heading which applies most nearly to the article advertised.

Address all correspondence to "The U.F.A.", Longheed Bldg., Calgary, Alta.

FARM LANDS

WANTED.—HEAR FROM OWNER GOOD RANCH for sale. Cash price, particulars. C. O. Lundquist, Minneapolis, Minn.

EXCEPTIONAL FARM BARGAIN.—FIFTEEN HUNdred and twenty of the best acres in the Naples district. Short haul to town, and only three miles from school. 200 acres under cultivation with 200 acres in crop and 65 acres in summer-fallow. Unlimited water supply, all fenced and cross fenced. 30 acres of pasture. There is a seven roomed bungalow with hardwood floors, barn for 12 head of horses, two garages, blacksmith's shop, henhouse, 4 portable silos. This farm is only a mile off the main gravelled road to Calgary. The buildings are in splendid condition surrounded by trees, etc. This is a real farm, and we consider it one of the best buys in Southern Alberta. Price $50.00 per acre, terms one-third cash, balance arranged to suit responsible purchaser. Owner will sell machinery and household furniture if desired. The Patrick Cole Co. Ltd., 800 Lancaster Bldg., Calgary, Alta.

FOR SALE, ON ARROW LAKES, 30 ACRE RANCH. 10 acres cleared, 6 acres fruit, chiefly apples, pears, plums, cherries, black and red currants, raspberries. House and barn, good location on highway and lake front, one-quarter mile to school. Cash deal. For particulars apply Orange Hall, Corvette Landing, Burton, B.C.

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE.—SCOTT FULLY PAID SHARES U.G.G. Apply at once to Arne Nutland, Morris, Alta.

DANCING SCHOOL—WHEN VISITING EDMONTON, learn to dance in Three Days or no charge. Private rooms for beginners. Lessons daily at 2 p.m. and 7 p.m. Sullivan's Academy of Dancing, La Fleche Building, 102nd St., Edmonton.

MATTAG WASHER WITH ENGINE, GUARANteed, $60.00 cash. Terms available. Magteg Co., Calgary.

KILL THOSE WEEDS!

MAKE WAR ON SOW THISTLE with Chipman's

ATLACIDE

The famous Atlas Non-Poisonous Weed Killer in Powder Form

Used by the C.P.R. and C.N.R. and hundreds of Municipalities in Western Canada. Easily applied, non-poisonous and sure death to Sow Thistle, etc. Send now for booklet giving full particulars and prices, to

CHIPMAN CHEMICALS LIMITED
Winnipeg Edmonton Saskatoon

POULTRY

ANNUAL SALE OF MARCH AND APRIL HATCHED White Leghorn Pullets from our foremost high production stock. These pullets are on limited range and will be rigorously culled before shipping. $1.35 to $1.40 each. Selected cockerels 13 weeks old breeding cockerels, $30 per dozen. Every egg hatched on the farm was laid on the farm. Alister Forbes, Hill Farm, Cobble Hill, B.C. Manager, Chas. Good, Member Poultry Pool.

300 WELL CULLED WHITE LEGHORN YEARling hens. Will make excellent breeding stock or Commercial layers. Price $1.25 each. We have instructions on "How to make yearlings produce winter eggs," with each purchase. Also young pedigreed breeding cockerels from over 200 egg pedigree at very reasonable rates. Apply Appleby's Poultry Farm, Mission City, B.C.

SWINE

PEDIGREE CHESTER WHITE PIGS.—PRICE RIGHT. Cows and pink years. H. F. Roop, Millet, Alta.

FENCE POSTS, LUMBER AND FUEL

FENCE POSTS, COARSEWOOD.—WRITE FOR DEtailed prices. North West Coal Co., Edmonton.

CEDAR FENCE POSTS FOR SALE.—CORBLIN & Marshall, Wardner, B.C.

BUY YOUR LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH, MILLwork, etc., from the old established firm selling highest quality B.C. coast lumber direct from mill to consumer since 1912. Save big money. Get bigger quality. Send your lumber bill, sketch or plan for our delivered price. Guarantee guaranteed. Write for free plan folder and price lists. Farmers' Mutual Lumber Co. Ltd., Beaton Bldg., Vancouver, B.C. Bankers, Royal Bank.

CEDAR, FENCE POSTS.—QUALITY, SIZE, WEIGHT "Allow Inspection." Ferrie Timber Co. Box 607, Ferrie, B.C.

LUMBER.—BUY DIRECT FROM THE MILL AND get the best at the lowest possible price. S. E. Nelson, Winfield, Alta.

SEED AND FEED

FOR SALE.—BROME GRASS SEED. CLEANED, free from weeds. $10.00 per cwt. G. Bowers, Airdrie, Alta.

LIVESTOCK

FOR SALE.—REGISTERED HOLSTEIN BULL calves from heavy producing cows. $60 each. E. E. Rigby, Langdon.

REGISTERED BULLS FOR SALE.—FRANK SAALhorn, Wetaskiwin, Alta.

REMNANTS

1 LB. LARGE GINGHAM QUILT PATCHES, 75c; 4 lbs., $2. 1 lb. Gingham Remnants, 90c; 2 lbs., $2. 2 lbs. Velvet, Cretonne or Silk pieces $1.50. A. McCreary, Chesham, Ont.

MACHINERY

FOR SALE.—24 K.W. CANADIAN FAIRBANKS-Morse, 32 voltage, direct current dynamo and switch board, $75.00. Apply Box No. 34, Sandwell, Alta.

HELP WANTED

BUY YOUR BRUSHING DONE NOW WHEN labor is cheap and plentiful and harvest a crop next year. Call or write Hungarian Slovak Colonization Board, 10011 97th St., Edmonton. Phone 8401 and get a bid on the job.

HEALTH

OSTEOPATHIC HEALTH HOME, CALGARY. Fasting, Dieting, Baths, Electricity, Massage. Nervous diseases, Piles specialty.

LEGAL AND PATENTS

FIELD, HELLER & HARVIE, BARRISTERS, SOLIcitors, Patent Attorneys and Agents for all countries. 65 Canada Life Bldg., Calgary. Patent drawings and applications prepared by our own staff, ensuring secrecy and prompt service.

HIGGIT, ROSS, SHAW & MATHOOD—BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries, Imperial Bank Bldg., Calgary.

A. LANHAM & COMPANY, BARRISTERS, SOLIcitors, Notaries, 111 6th Ave. W., Calgary. M3420. Specialising in Domestic Law, including probate, divorce and settlement of estates.

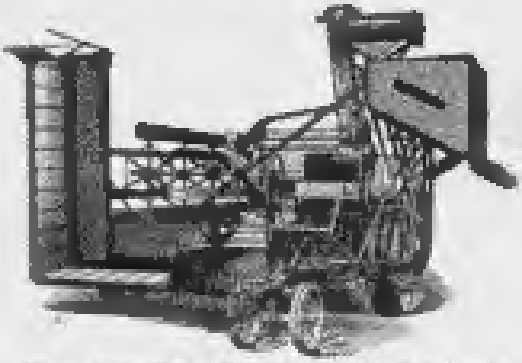
When You Choose Your Combine Outfit

Remember the McCormick-Deering Harvest-Machine Reputation of Nearly 100 Years' Standing

Ninety-eight years ago Cyrus Hall McCormick introduced the Reaper, the first practical grain harvester, which released men from the soil and led to the industrial upbuilding of the world.

For ninety-eight years the McCormicks and their associates have developed, built and improved grain harvesting machines. They have accumulated experience which has been passed on to the advantage of millions of farmers.

For sixteen of these years the International Harvester Company has been perfecting the modern idea of harvesting and threshing in one fast money-saving operation. Among harvester-threshers and combines there is only one direct descendant of the Reaper of 1831—only one line in position to reap the benefits of nearly a century of grain machine manufacture. Its name is *McCormick-Deering.*



For transporting McCormick-Deering No. 11 Harvester-Thresher from one field to another, or over roads, the platform can be folded to approximately the center. This reduces the machine to an overall width of 11 feet.

The McCormick-Deering Harvester-Thresher is the modern wife-saver

When a McCormick-Deering Harvester-Thresher joins the equipment on the farm the housewife bids goodbye to a lot of extra work in the kitchen. No more big threshing crews to cook for—no more extra mouths to feed—the powerful tractor and the efficient harvester-thresher make it possible for father and son to handle the year's biggest job without outside help.

All of these "combine" advantages relieve the housewife of the old-time hard work—and they help put good money into the family bank account. There is more left at the year-end with which to buy modern equipment for the home, and to buy the little luxuries that make life more worth living.

The 1929 harvest is not far off. It is high time now to look into this modern system; the local McCormick-Deering dealer will gladly give you helpful information on 10, 12, and 16-foot harvester-threshers, mounted or pull-type, also, windrow-harvesters and pick-up devices.

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY
HAMILTON *of Canada, Ltd.* CANADA

McCORMICK-DEERING Windrow-Harvester

The McCormick-Deering Windrow-Harvester is both especially fit for use where uneven ripening, green weeds, and other unfavorable conditions make straight combine harvesting impractical. It cuts the grain and lays it in a light, fluffy windrow on top of the high stubble, where the grain quickly air-dries without loss or deterioration.

Experience proves that more or less heat practically no ill effects on windrowed grain, the quality of the grain after it is picked up and threshed with a McCormick-Deering Harvester-Thresher ordinarily being superior to that of grain shocked and threshed in the old way.

McCORMICK-DEERING

Harvester-Threshers ▲ ▲ Windrow-Harvesters

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